

JOHN H. RUSSELL, JR.  
1872-1947

REGISTER OF HIS PERSONAL PAPERS



HISTORY AND MUSEUMS DIVISION  
HEADQUARTERS, U.S. MARINE CORPS  
WASHINGTON, D.C.

*The official portrait of Major General John H. Russell, Jr., 16th Commandant of the Marine Corps, painted from life in 1935 by Bjorn Egeli, appears on the front cover. (Department of Defense Photo [USMC] A 413194)*

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Compiled by  
LtCol R. T. MacPherson, USMC (Retired)

Edited by  
J. Michael Miller



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A catalog of the personal papers collection is available on request to the History and Museum Division: Charles A. Wood, compiler. *Marine Corps Personal Papers Collection Catalog* (1974, revised 1980).

# FOREWORD

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The papers of Major General Commandant John H. Russell, Jr., were donated to the Marine Corps by the general's daughter, Mrs. Vincent Astor, and the general's grandson, Mr. Anthony D. Marshall. Covering the period of the general's naval career, 1888-1936, plus his retirement years, 1937-1947, and including some documents from the career of his father, Rear Admiral John H. Russell, USN, they reflect nearly a century of naval history. Documents such as these, giving detailed insights into the evolution of the nation and the naval service, form an important part of the Marine Corps Personal Papers Collection maintained by the Marine Corps Historical Center. Donations of papers of former Marines are vital to the understanding of the heritage of the Corps and are always welcome at the Center.

The compiler of this register, R. T. ("Sandy") MacPherson, graduated from the University of South Carolina and was commissioned in the Marine Corps in 1954. He was medically retired in 1979. Lieutenant Colonel MacPherson received a Marine Corps History and Museums Division research grant to catalog the Russell papers. He was assisted in the project by J. Michael Miller, Curator of Personal Papers at the Center, who provided significant advice on structure and content.

The index to this register was produced by Benis M. Frank, head of the Oral History Section of the History and Museums Division. Mrs. Catherine A. Kerns of the Publications Production Section typeset the manuscript and, for the first time using computer technology new to the division, completed the layout for printing.



E. H. SIMMONS  
Brigadier General, U.S. Marine Corps (Retired)  
Director of Marine Corps History and Museums



Department of Defense Photo [USMC] 302059

*John H. Russell, Jr., son of RAdm John H. Russell, USN, a member of the first graduating class of the U.S. Naval Academy, was himself a graduate in 1892. The younger Russell went on to become commander of the Marine Guard of the American Legation in Peking in 1910, American High Commissioner to Haiti and Ambassador Extraordinary for nearly nine years beginning in 1922, and, as shown here, Major General Commandant of the Marine Corps from 1 March 1934 until 30 November 1936.*

# PREFACE

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The John H. Russell, Jr., Papers (P.C. 114) provide a background for understanding the transformation of the Marine Corps from a conglomeration of small detachments into a major naval arm; from the source of *ad hoc* expeditionary units into a type command capable of task-organizing flexible, balanced projection forces to meet the needs of the fleet. While this collection does not detail the development of the Fleet Marine Force concept, it identifies many aspects of the milieu in which the concept evolved. More especially, it limns the career of the leader who nurtured the ideas, codified them into a practicable doctrine, negotiated their adoption, and ensured implementation in combined fleet exercises. From theory to operational fact, it was Russell who sired the Fleet Marine Force.

The collection is an incomplete and largely unstructured accumulation. It is strongest in areas which Russell apparently viewed in retrospect as worthy of documentation; there are indications of belated gathering of materials related to specific topics, rather than across-the-board files of given periods. The papers retained from early service in Haiti pertain primarily to defending his command against problems he inherited. Papers retained from his commandancy are dominated by the relatively minor problem of Smedley Butler. These two topical areas provide focal points of interest in the collection.

Certainly the papers from Haiti are the most intriguing segment of the collection, as much for what they do not say as for what they do. From the American side, they reflect the boring day-to-day routine—spiced with moments of high drama—which characterizes almost any military operation. From the Haitian side, they expose the reader to a flamboyant political opportunism. There are random samples from an arena in which ignorance, greed, superstition, counter-racism, anti-colonialism, and pride in a decayed culture all melded into a rhetoric of the underdog who had something to gain and nothing, absolutely nothing, to lose. The student of this volatile society will find nuggets among these folders. There are some contemporaneous translations included. Additional documents have been translated by Nancy Gordon Heintz [Mrs. Robert Debs Heintz, Jr.], who has retained a delightful fluency in the Haitian Creole which she acquired during the occupation period.

The fascinating documents relating to retired Major General Butler are like a preview of what would come long after his time. Butler would have found much more sympathy among a post-Vietnam audience than he did in the 1930s, when his name became anathema to many veterans of the World War. The record would suggest that Butler vindictively slandered his rival, Russell, while the latter magnanimously refrained from punishing the renegade. It is easily—and correctly, I think—inferred that Russell was more concerned with protecting the Marine Corps from calumny than he was in retaliation. Butler seemed dependent upon publicity. By deferring action, Russell (and Navy Secretary Swanson) denied him that gratification.

Russell's "second career" as a pundit afforded him an irresistible teaching platform from which he could propound strategic theory in the lively context of current events. It is here that he proved himself as a mature naval strategist, not constrained by either Navy or Marine Corps parochialism, but able to blend their diverse tactics into a synergistic whole.

The collection includes 342 weekly columns from the *San Diego Union*, published during the 514-week span of his newspaper employment. Other papers published many of these columns on the same or later dates. In all cases, the headlining (including "kickers" and subheads) are not Russell's, but reflect editorial impressions of his messages expressed according to protocols of space and type size. The collection includes examples of the same column as published in two different papers (6, 8 October 1946).

Naval historians studying the Civil War will delight in Russell's collection of documents pertaining to his father. Russell's own family and personal life are barely perceived in the collection, except for an occasional mention in correspondence.

The collection is comprised of an oversize container of certificates and commissions, plus four manuscript boxes. These pertain, in order, to Russell's overall career, his service in Haiti, and his writings for publication.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "R. T. MacPherson". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large initial "R" and "M".

R. T. MACPHERSON  
Lieutenant Colonel  
U.S. Marine Corps (Retired)

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# BIOGRAPHIC SKETCH

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John Henry Russell, Jr., was born at Mare Island, California, on 14 November 1872, the third child and only son of John Henry Russell (1827-1897) and Cornelia Pierrepont Treadway Russell.

His father was a member of the U.S. Naval Academy's first graduating class in 1850. Although Maryland-bred, he remained loyal and achieved considerable fame in the U.S. Navy during the Civil War. He ultimately retired in Washington as a rear admiral on 27 August 1886 and died on 1 April 1897. He made a strong impact on his son, and later was memorialized as the namesake of the USS *Russell* (DD 414), which was launched on 8 September 1938 by his granddaughter, Mrs. Charles H. Marshall (nee Roberta Brooke Russell).

John Henry Jr., was educated in private schools in Washington, D.C., and by age 14 was dedicated to obtaining admission to the Naval Academy. Finding that all appointments from his home state of California were filled, he sought and received an audience with President Grover Cleveland, and asked for a presidential appointment. "I'm a little disappointed over this Annapolis business," the President told him. "Some of the youngsters I've sent there haven't turned out so brilliantly." Undeterred, Russell promised: "I will succeed."

He entered the Naval Academy on 18 May 1888, and completed the academic requirements on 3 June 1892. Thus qualified, Russell embarked upon the two-year training cruise required of a naval cadet. Serving in the cruiser *New York*, he distinguished himself by bravery on 31 August 1893, saving a sailor from drowning when a boat capsized. After a cruise which included visits to Rio de Janeiro, Nicaragua, and the West Indies, Russell completed his post-cruise final examinations and was graduated on 30 June 1894.

Vacancies in the naval officer ranks were few, as a delayed result of the Civil War. The Officer Personnel Act of 1882 restricted the overall number of Navy officers, and restricted Marine Corps officer accessions to graduates of the Naval Academy. Russell had been encouraged, as a youngster at Mare Island, by Marines who carved wooden rifles to equip a "company" which young "Johnny" had organized among the naval officers' sons, and counted leathernecks among his earliest friends. As a graduating naval cadet, he surprised no one by applying for a commission in the Marines. He was appointed a second lieutenant on 1 July 1894 and was posted to Marine Barracks, Washington, to attend the Marine Corps School of Application with the second class convened; he graduated on 14 May 1895.

During this period, he established a reputation as a student of military science. After graduation, he was retained at the school for a year to teach noncommissioned officer classes. This began a pattern of assignment to instructional duty which recurred frequently during his career.

On 1 June 1896, Lieutenant Russell was assigned to the USS *Massachusetts* for his first sea duty as a Marine officer. During the Spanish-American War, his ship was part of Admiral Schley's "Flying Squadron" in blockade operations around the West Indies and the bombardment of the forts of Santiago, Cuba. His captain commended Russell's coolness under fire in a letter to the Secretary of the Navy.

Detached on 10 October 1898, Russell was assigned to Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps, promoted to first lieutenant on 14 November 1898, and sent on brief tours to the shipyards at Philadelphia, Norfolk, and Washington. He was embarked in USS *Yosemite* early the following year, organizing a provisional battalion for service in the newly acquired mandate of Guam. He was promoted to captain on 28 March 1899, before the ship completed fitting out as a station ship for the development of a coaling station in the Marianas. On 8 April 1899, the *Yosemite* steamed to New York to embark additional supplies and personnel, including Captain R. P. Leary, U.S. Navy, the appointed Governor of Guam.

*Yosemite* departed New York on 10 May 1899. After a leisurely transit, with calls at Gibraltar, Port Said, Colombo, Singapore, and Manila, she arrived at San Luis d'Apra, Guam, on 7 August, delivering the Governor and his Marines. Captain Russell established his garrison ashore under very primitive conditions, while Captain Leary undertook to convert the Spanish colony into a useful American base. Russell departed on 1 December, to the Naval Hospital in Toyko via the Philippines, and thence to Washington. His months of association with Captain Leary, observing the establishment of a government, would stand him in good stead.

Arriving in Washington early in 1900, Captain Russell was assigned once more to "Eighth and Eye," and became the Officer-in-Charge of the School of Application. While serving in Washington, he met, courted, and on 12 June 1901 married Miss Mabel Howard. Early in 1902 the Russells were posted to the Mare Island Naval Station in California. Their only child, Roberta Brooke, was born in March 1902, and in August of that year Russell was once again assigned to sea duty.

As commanding officer of the Marine Detachment, USS *Oregon*, he sailed on a flag-showing tour of Asia. Visiting Yokohama, Woosung, and Hong Kong to support American interests in China, the *Oregon* was a ringside seat for watching Japanese naval preparations for war with Russia. Observations from the *Oregon* gave Russell a view of what to expect from Japanese militarists in later years.

Leaving the *Oregon* in the Far East, Russell returned to Annapolis on 20 May 1904 to take charge once again of the School of Application, which had moved to the Marine Barracks there. His promotion occurred on 6 July 1904, and on 23 August of that year Major Russell took command of the Marine Barracks, Naval Station, Hawaii. After a year, he was transferred to Panama on 13 July 1907 to command the Marine Detachment at Camp Elliott in the Canal Zone. As unrest developed, his detachment grew from 193 officers and men to a provisional battalion of over 400, and was reinforced by the arrival of a 785-man battalion before Russell departed on 26 July 1908.

On 26 September 1908 he reported for duty with the instructional staff of the Naval War College at Newport, Rhode Island. Two years in the academic atmosphere established by Mahan imbued Russell with a global outlook which would reveal itself in his years as major general, active and retired. In this same period, the Naval War College adopted an applicatory method of instruction which Russell would later employ at Quantico.

More foreign duty followed, as Major Russell arrived in Peking, China, on 4 November 1910 to command the Marine Guard at the American Legation. Here he was to observe the dynamics of revolution, as the Ch'ing dynasty fell and the Republic of China was born. He would later joke about his career as a diplomat by describing his meeting with Chinese Premier Yuan Shik-kai who told him: "I'm always glad to meet a man in uniform because I know he speaks the truth. When I am in uniform I adhere to the truth, but when I have on my civilian clothes and become a diplomat then it is another matter."

Upon returning to the United States, Russell became the Marine officer in the Office of Naval Intelligence on 22 July 1913. But revolutionary unrest in Mexico caused most Marines to turn out for expeditionary duty. He was seconded to Philadelphia to organize and command a battalion and on 30 April 1914, he landed his 2d Battalion, 3d Regiment at Vera Cruz. Attached to a larger U.S. Army brigade, the Marines were poised watchfully outside the Mexican city to ensure order. As personnel were shifted about, Major Russell briefly commanded the regiment, 21 September through 15 October. When the Marines withdrew on 5 December 1914, he returned to his normal duties in the Office of Naval Intelligence.

Promoted to lieutenant colonel on 29 August 1916, near the end of his Washington tour, Russell was next sent to the Dominican Republic to take command of the 3d Provisional Regiment on 21 March 1917. Six weeks later he went to Santiago de los Caballeros, taking command of the 4th Regiment and of the Dominican Department of the North on 5 May. In this role he was promoted to colonel on 3 October 1917. One month later, on 3 November, Colonel Russell took command of the 1st Provisional Marine Brigade at Port-au-Prince in Haiti. This began his involvement with that country, which would dominate his career for over a decade.

As the United States' involvement in the European war increased, Marines serving in the Caribbean backwaters felt left out and presumed their careers would suffer from non-participation in the

main event. Like his contemporaries, Russell repeatedly requested assignment to the forces in France, and was repeatedly refused. It was not until 1 December 1918 that his relief was effected.

He returned to Washington and was assigned to the Planning Section at Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps. Faced with a drastic reduction of the Corps from 75,000 to 20,000 men following the World War, General Barnett had Russell convene a "plucking board" to select officers for retention. The Russell Board report, recommending potential leaders at the expense of the combat-experienced former NCOs, raised a bitter controversy, and was shelved. The report of a later board was accepted in 1921, but Russell's idealism had earned him some long-term enemies.

The new brigade commander in Haiti, Brigadier General Catlin, was suffering from wounds received at Belleau Wood, and abruptly retired in the summer of 1919. Soon the State Department, citing Russell's past success, was urging that he be returned to Haiti. The Navy Department agreed, and Russell arrived at Port-au-Prince on 1 October 1919, resuming command of the 1st Brigade.

Reorganizing the brigade staff, pushing aggressive anti-guerrilla operations, and revoking the unpopular road-building corvee, Russell made rapid progress at suppressing the new wave of banditry. His plan to trap the *Caco* leader Charlemagne Peralte was fortuitous; his Marines killed the brigand on the night of 31 October 1919. With patient tact to balance the power-seeking ploys of the local politicians, he was able to largely stabilize conditions in the dismal little republic.

Any American adventure such as the occupation of Haiti attracts congressional attention, and it was a Senate investigating committee which ultimately recommended Russell's employment as a civil administrator of the treaty which we had imposed to stabilize the island democracy. Called to Washington on temporary duty in January 1922, Russell was promoted to brigadier general, seconded to the State Department, and on 11 February appointed by President Harding as American High Commissioner to Haiti and Ambassador Extraordinary. In a dual role, he retained command of the 1st Brigade for another 13 months, and exercised operational control thereafter.

The Secretary of State tasked Russell to reorganize the operations of treaty officials, stabilize Haitian finances, arrange gradual withdrawal of occupying forces and improvement of the local gendarmerie, effect economic development, reform the judiciary if possible from within, enhance the system of education, and improve communications and sanitary conditions.

In the nine years that followed, these "impossible" goals were largely met. The Haitian national debt was nearly halved, exports increased, a modern educational system was instituted, over 1,000 miles of roads were built, and hospitals and clinics were opened and reduced the three major diseases of malaria, hook-worm, and yaws. Neither the judiciary nor the attitudes of local politicians were wholly reformed. Nonetheless, despite deep-rooted poverty, superstition, overpopulation, reliance on a single export crop, and lack of a democratic tradition, it was 12 years after the Marines left before the volatile island society erupted once again in revolt, in 1946.

The beginning of American disengagement from Haiti allowed Russell to return to more routine military duties. On 23 December 1930 he was assigned to command Marine Corps Base, San Diego, California, and on 1 December 1931 moved to the command of Marine Corps Base, Quantico, Virginia. Here his years of trying to define doctrine and refine policy were imprinted on the rising generation of commanders. While expanding physical facilities, he made more significant change by initiating the Advance Base Problem program between Marine Corps Schools and the Naval War College,

On 1 February 1933 he was assigned to Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps to serve as the Assistant to the Major General Commandant, and was promoted to major general on 16 September. He continued to expand Quantico's involvement in the future of the Corps, stressing doctrinal studies, and establishing the Equipment Board to encourage and evaluate specialized hardware. In August 1933, Russell formalized his long-held concepts in a letter to the Chief of Naval Operations; this led to publication of the Secretary of the Navy's General Order No. 241, establishing the Fleet Marine Force, on 7 December 1933. Meanwhile, Russell suspended classes at Quantico on 14 November 1933 so that both staff and students could concentrate on producing "rules and doctrines governing landing operations." This they did, and the *Tentative Manual for Landing Operations* was published, in mimeograph form, in January 1934.

A battalion landing team from San Diego took part in fleet maneuvers starting on 19 February 1934—the first Fleet Marine Force unit to do so. By May 1934, Atlantic units were likewise engaged, and units from both coasts continued to do so. But while he was still Acting Commandant, Major General Russell had welded together the organizational concepts, the doctrinal processes, and the trained units whose amphibious capabilities would dominate World War II in the Pacific.

The Marine Corps, including Russell himself, had been surprised when President Roosevelt nominated Russell instead of Brigadier General Dion Williams for promotion to two stars in September 1933. It was not such a surprise when the President followed this in February 1934 with a nomination of Russell as the replacement for retiring Major General Commandant Fuller. Anti-Russell elements surfaced in the Senate confirmation hearings. Newly retired Major General Smedley Butler, an old rival, still harbored ill-will from the 1919 retention board controversy. Senator King of Utah blamed Russell for the 1927 refusal of Haitian President Borno to admit King on a visit. Senator (later Supreme Court Justice) Hugo Black of Alabama was a friend of both Butler and King, and led the attack in the Senate. But Senators Millard Tydings of Maryland and Peter Gerry of Rhode Island refuted every charge made against Russell, and Senator Huey Long of Louisiana commenced a filibuster to block further attacks by Black. The acrimony was laid to rest with a vote passing the confirmation.

Now firmly in place, the Major General Commandant pushed through adoption of an officer promotion selection process similar to that used in the Navy for years. The passage of this legislation accomplished what previous Commandants had been striving for since 1916. Russell was thus able to force out many ineffective officers and encourage potential leaders.

In other major moves, he revitalized the Marine Corps Reserve, obtaining uniform allowances and drill pay for reserve units; inaugurated the Platoon Leaders' Class and Marine Aviation Cadet programs; and created a separate Division of Aviation within Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps. His major emphasis, however, remained with the development of the Fleet Marine Force, the refinement of amphibious doctrine, and the insistence that the Navy fulfill its side of the concept of the Marines as a "type command."

A small but nonetheless disproportionate amount of the Commandant's time was diverted to the problem of Smedley Butler, who had become a maverick pacifist, preaching on the left-wing lecture circuit and publishing anti-war propaganda. Butler's activities were the object of continuing scrutiny, requiring investigations and reports, but it was felt that he could best be deterred by officially ignoring him and minimizing his publicity. A lesser man might have found this situation intolerable; General Russell was too dignified to admit that it was more than a nuisance.

Retiring at the compulsory age of 64, Major General Russell settled in Arlington, Virginia, but soon told his wife he felt too close to the graveyard where he would always be on call as a pall-bearer. When a chance meeting with the publisher of the Copley newspapers led to an offer to write military analyses for the San Diego-based chain, Russell seized the opportunity to return to his home state, and moved to Coronado, California.

Far from withdrawing from military affairs, he merely adapted his life-long interests to a new forum. Well-armed with professional insights, ideally located to maintain contacts and to observe new developments, and free to let his imagination roam, he was the ideal pundit. He produced lucid descriptions, cogent arguments, and credible predictions, often with a message reminding his public of the concepts of sea power and amphibious potential. His writings reflected his personality: calm, deliberate naval conservatism balanced with an open-minded view toward the future. He continued this form of teaching to a mass audience for 11 years, until his death of a heart attack on 6 March 1947.

# DESCRIPTIVE INVENTORY

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<b>Manuscript Box 1</b>	<b>General Career Documents</b>
<b>Folder 1</b>	<b>Career Milestones</b>
13 Sep 1893	Newspaper article: "A Young Cadet's Bravery," <i>Philadelphia Evening Bulletin</i> .
14 Sep 1893	Newspaper article: "Cadet Russell Shows Pluck," <i>New York Times</i>
16 Sep 1893	Magazine article: "Brave Act of a Naval Cadet," <i>Army and Navy Journal</i> .
14 May 1895	Certificate of Proficiency: Second Lieutenant J. H. Russell, Jr.; completion of Marine Corps School of Application; signed by Charles Heywood, Colonel Commandant, U.S. Marine Corps.
10 Oct 1898	Orders: Second Lieutenant John H. Russell detached from Marine Guard of <i>Massachusetts</i> ; with endorsements.
9 Dec 1899	Orders: Captain John H. Russell detached from Guam Marine Battalion in compliance with findings of Medical Board of Survey; sent via USS <i>Solace</i> to Manila, thence to U.S. Naval Hospital, Yokohama; with endorsements.
24 Jul 1908	Orders: Major John H. Russell detached from Panama Expeditionary Regiment upon recommendation of surgeon; sent via steamer to Naval Hospital, New York; with endorsements.
7 Mar 1917	Orders: Lieutenant Colonel John H. Russell detached from Office of Naval Intelligence for service in Santo Domingo; with endorsements.
27 Jun 1917	Adjutant & Inspector to Russell: regretting inability to assist with orders to France; signed G. H. Lauchheimer.
29 Jun 1917	Major General Commandant to Lieutenant Colonel John H. Russell, 4th Regiment: request for expeditionary duty duly noted; signed by John A. Lejeune.
11 Feb 1922	Typed copy: Brigadier General John H. Russell appointed as the High Commissioner and Ambassador Extraordinary, by President Harding.
18 Jun 1930	Knowles A. Ryerson, U. S. Department of Agriculture, to Russell: encouragement in face of press criticism.
13 Sep 1933	Major General Commandant Russell: transmitting commission to rank of major general.

22 Feb  
1934 Newspaper article: "Russell of the Marines Justifies Cleveland's Faith," *New York Times*.

19 Sep  
1940 Harrison Harding, Register and Tribune Syndicate, to Russell: declining opportunity to syndicate Russell's weekly columns.

7 Mar  
1947 Newspaper article: "Gen. Russell, Former Head of Marines, Dies," *New York Herald-Tribune*.

9 Mar  
1947 Newspaper photograph, captioned: "Body of General Russell Begins Final Journey," *San Diego Union*.

**Folder 2**                    **Letters of Instruction**

11 Feb  
1922 Secretary of State to Russell: letter of instruction for the performance of duties as High Commissioner to Haiti; 10 pages; signed by Charles E. Hughes.

21 Mar  
1922 Major General Commandant to Russell: letter of instructions for operational control—separately—of the 1st Brigade, the Constabulary Detachment, and the Gendarmerie d'Haiti. Signed by John A. Lejeune; emended by memorandum endorsement.

22 Mar  
1922 Memorandum, Correction of letter of Instructions, 21 March 1922. Signed by W. C. Neville.

**Folder 3**                    **Letters of Commendation**

19 May  
1920 Major General Commandant to Russell: forwarding copies of commendatory letters from Secretary of State.

9 Oct  
1920 Major General Commandant to Russell: forwarding copy of letter of appreciation from Secretary of War Newton D. Baker; signed by John A. Lejeune.

12 May  
1922 Letter of appreciation to Russell from President Dartiguenave

21 Feb  
1923 President Harding to President Louis Borno of Haiti: acknowledging Borno's letter of appreciation for Russell's work.

24 Dec  
1923 President Borno commendatory letter to Russell, with translation.

26 Dec  
1923 Russell to Secretary of State: forwarding Borno's letter.

12 Oct  
1928 Presidential secretary Everett Sanders to Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg: acknowledging copy of letter from Secretary of State to Secretary of the Navy, commending Russell.

30 Oct  
1928 Secretary of the Navy Curtis D. Wilbur to Secretary of State: concurring in commendation of Russell.

24 Oct  
1928 Assistant Secretary of State to Russell: forwarding copies of Secretary of State's letters to President and to Secretary of the Navy; signed by Francis White.

3 Nov  
1928 Assistant Secretary of State to Russell: Reply by Secretary of the Navy enclosed; signed by Francis White.

30 Aug  
1929 Rosalie Slaughter Morton to President Hoover: reporting her favorable impression of progress observed in Haiti.

24 Aug  
1929 Rosalie Slaughter Morton to Mr. Rowe: reporting her favorable impression of progress observed in Haiti.

17 Jan  
1930 Major General Commandant to Russell: commendatory letter from bishop of Protestant Episcopal Church in Haiti has been put in record; signed by W. C. Neville.

6 May  
1930 President Borno commendatory letter to Russell.

7 May  
1930 Russell; to Secretary of State forwarding Borno's letter.

13 May  
1930 Major General Commandant to Russell: forwarding copy of letter from W. Cameron Forbes; signed by B. H. Fuller.

5 Nov  
1930 Haitian Secretary of State for Foreign Relations to Russell upon resignation.

6 Nov  
1930 Haitian President Eugene Roy to Russell upon resignation.

31 Sep  
1931 Major General Commandant to Russell: noting with approval the annual inspection report on Marine Corps Base, San Diego from Commandant, 11th Naval District; signed by B. H. Fuller.

ca.  
1932 Typed list: "Chronological File of Letters of Commendation of Brigadier General John H. Russell." List of 33 various official and private communications submitted to Russell's superiors: 5 September 1898 to 19 November 1931.

*Folder 4* **Commandant's Controversy Correspondence**

4 May  
1934 Boake Carter of Radio Station WCAU, Philadelphia to Russell: acknowledging letter of 20 April and promising to treat the Marine Corps equally with other two services in broadcasts.

ca.  
1934 G. D. Jackson, Jr., to Russell: offering to testify against Captain Cukela in refutation of General Butler's complaints about results of selection board.

18 Feb  
1935 Russell to Major General John A. Lejeune, Superintendent of Virginia Military Institute: appreciation of Lejeune's supportive testimony before Senate Naval Affairs Committee in regard to results of selection board.

20 Feb  
1935 John A. Lejeune holographic to Russell: commenting on past failure to pass suitable officer selection law; encouragement in face of controversy.

**Folder 5**

**The Butler Problem \***

- 16 Nov  
1934 Tallahassee, Florida chapter of Reserve Officers' Association resolution condemning speech by Smedley Butler.
- 22 Nov  
1934 U.S. Representative Millard Caldwell of Florida to Secretary of the Navy Claude A. Swanson: requests to know action contemplated against General Butler.
- 30 Nov  
1934 Secretary Swanson to Congressman Caldwell: it is not thought advisable to take action at this time.
- 8 Dec  
1934 James K. Lawton to Secretary of the Navy: recommending action in Butler case.
- 4 Jan  
1935 Secretary of the Navy to James K. Lawton: acknowledgement and assurance of consideration.
- 4 Jan  
1935 Major General Commandant to Congressman W. J. Sears: acknowledgement and assurance of consideration of resolution by Tallahassee Reserve Officers' Association.
- 27 Jul  
1935 Typescript: "Conclusions of Earl Browder and His Associates from the Official Minutes of the Political Bureau of the C.P.U.S.A. July 27, 1935 meeting at the Secret Headquarters of the C.P.U.S.A. in the Offices of the 'Daily Worker.'" [Note: source of this document is not explained, and it is suspect, but was cited in General Russell's file index.]
- Oct  
1935 Statement of Passaic, New Jersey *Herald News* reporter Carl Ek, substantiating content of his news report of Smedley Butler's speech on 21 October 1935.
- 31 Oct  
1935 Statement of the Rev. E. van Halsema, concerning content of General Butler's speech on 21 October 1935.
- 1 Nov  
1935 Transcript of General Butler's speech of 1 November 1935 made by James H. Fowler, reported for Passaic *Herald News*.
- 2 Nov  
1935 Statement of officers of Veterans of Foreign Wars Post 504, verifying accuracy of Carl Ek's news reports of General Butler's speech of 21 October 1935.
- 2 Nov  
1935 Percy A. Bivins to Lieutenant Colonel John Miller Arthur, investigating officer: statement of reaction to General Butler's recent speech in Passaic, New Jersey.
- 4 Nov  
1935 Thomas F. Finn to Secretary of the Navy: American Legion complaint concerning General Butler's speech in Passaic, New Jersey.
- 9 Nov  
1935 Lieutenant Colonel John M. Arthur, Assistant Adjutant & Inspector, to Major General Commandant: "Report of Investigation of Speech delivered by Major General Smedley D. Butler, U.S. Marine Corps, Retired, at Passaic, New Jersey on 21 October 1935.

\*See also Box 2, Folder 13: Cumberland correspondence October-November 1929.

12 Nov  
1935 Newspaper article: "Canfield Strikes Back at Butler; Recalls Famous Father's Remarks," Passaic *Herald News*.

16 Nov  
1935 J. Gordon Canfield to Major General Commandant: forwarding newspaper articles regarding Butler controversy.

4 Jan  
1936 Assistant Secretary of the Navy H. L. Roosevelt to Judge Advocate General: three items on General Butler's writings and speech forwarded for comment.

9 Jan  
1936 Navy Judge Advocate General C. C. Bloch to Assistant Secretary of the Navy: commenting on possible charges against General Butler.

14 Jan  
1936 Commandant, Ninth Naval District to Chief of Naval Operations (Director of Naval Intelligence): report of "Third U.S. Congress Against War and Fascism." Lacking enclosures.

14 Jan  
1936 Major General Commandant to Major General Butler: requesting confirmation of reported statements in speeches at Passaic, New Jersey, 21 October 1935; Paterson, New Jersey, 29 October 1935; and Rutherford, New Jersey, 1 November 1935; plus 11 January 1936 edition of *Liberty* magazine.

22 Jan  
1936 S. D. Butler to Major General Commandant: general acknowledgement of public utterances and writings.

29 Jan  
1936 Major General Commandant to Major General Butler: requesting confirmation of reported statements in speech at Cleveland, Ohio, 3 January 1936 Third United States Congress Against War and Fascism.

7 Feb  
1936 Smedley D. Butler to Major General Commandant: disclaimer of certain words and phrases alleged; general acknowledgement of public utterances.

13 Feb  
1936 Affidavit of Anna M. Coppola, stenographer, authenticating her transcript of speech made on 1 November 1935, with reservations.

Mar  
1936 Unidentified report concerning American League Against War & Fascism meeting in Cleveland 3-5 January, with enclosed stenographic report of speeches 3 January 1936, including General Butler. [File indicia refer to 9th Naval District correspondence.]

5 Apr  
1936 Typed transcript: "Town Hall of Washington, D.C." meeting with panel of speakers which included General Butler.

13 Apr  
1936 Newspaper article: "European War Sure, Declares General Butler." Associated Press item; newspaper not identified.

15 Apr  
1936 Typed copy of newspaper article from "Seattle, Washington (P-1)" describing speech of General Butler.

28 Apr  
1936 Typed copy of newspaper article: "'Butler Insincere' Says Valor Legion Chief," Los Angeles *Herald Express*. Three copies.

12 Aug  
1936 Newspaper editorial: "What Price Publicity?" Salem, Oregon *Capital News Journal*.

ca.  
1936 Typed list: "Contents of this File, Belonging to Major General John H. Russell, USMC." Lists 26 of foregoing items.

**Folder 7**      **Retirement Report**

2 Sep  
1939 "Final Report of Major General Commandant John H. Russell to the Secretary of the Navy. Printed; 13 pages.

**Folder 8**      **Material on Rear Admiral John H. Russell, U.S. Navy**

14 Oct  
1844 C. K. Stribling, Acting Captain, U.S. Frigate *United States*, to Midshipman John H. Russell, U.S. Navy: letter of commendation; original plus certified copy by Russell.

2 Oct  
1846 Commanding Officer, USS *St. Mary's*, to Midshipman John H. Russell, U.S. Navy: letter of commendation.

ca.  
1872 Chronology of service of John H. Russell: 18 April 1861 through 25 April 1871; rough draft; missing first page.

7 May  
1861 Order to command steamboat *Mount Vernon* on reconnaissance of the Potomac; from Jno. A. Dahlgren to Lieut. J. H. Russell.

27 Jan  
1862 Orders to Lieutenant John H. Russell, commanding USS *Kennebeck*, to sail to join Western Gulf Blockading Squadron; signed by Gideon Welles.

26 Apr  
1862 Flag Officer Farragut letter of appreciation of Western Gulf Blockading Squadron for their performance 24-25 April.

5 Jul  
1862 Flag Officer Farragut orders to "Lieut Commd'g Jno. H. Russel [sic] Comd'g U.S. Str 'Kennebec'" to transit and reconnoiter Mississippi River, Vicksburg to Natchez and return.

12 Dec  
1862 Secretary of the Navy to Lieutenant Commander Jno. H. Russell, denying 22 November 1862 request for detachment; signed by Gideon Welles.

15 Apr  
1864 Secretary of the Navy to Lieutenant Commander John H. Russell: revoking orders to command USS *Cimarron*; granting one month leave of absence; signed by Gideon Welles.

1 Jun  
1864 Secretary of the Navy to Lieutenant Commander John H. Russell: orders to command U.S. Steamer *Pontiac*; signed by Gideon Welles.

11 Sep  
1864 J. W. Shirby, Surgeon, USS *Pontiac*, to Rear Admiral Dahlgren, recommending Russell be sent to northern climate on sick leave.

10 Jan 1867	Rear Admiral H. K. Thatcher to Secretary of the Navy: commendation for performance of Lieutenant Commander John H. Russell while commanding the <i>Kennebec</i> in Western Gulf Blockading Squadron.
26 Oct 1875	Orders: Captain John H. Russell detached from U.S. Steamer <i>Plymouth</i> and awaiting orders.
12 Jan 1891	Superintendent, U.S. Naval Academy to Rear Admiral John H. Russell: a lot will be assigned in Naval Cemetery currently being laid out.
Undated	Typed copy: "Charles B. Boynton, <i>History of the United States Navy—During the Rebellion</i> , Vol. II, Chap. VII, 'A Gallant Exploit. The Destruction of the Schooner <i>Judah</i> .'"
Undated	Typed copy: extracts from pages 650-75 of Series I, Vol. 16, <i>Official Records of the Union and Confederate Navies in the War of the Rebellion</i> and from the log of the <i>Colorado</i> , 1861.
Undated	Rough pencil draft account of raid on the <i>Judah</i> ; six pages; apparently by J. H. Russell, Jr.
14Feb 1881	46th Congress, Senate Bill 73: to authorize prize money to officers of Farragut's fleet for destruction of enemy vessels in April 1862.
29 Jun 1892	52d Congress, Senate Naval Affairs Committee Report 583: to authorize payment to Rear Admiral Russell of the highest pay of his grade.
14 Mar 1894	53d Congress, Senate Naval Affairs Committee Report 256: amendment to Russell pay bill.
7 Feb 1895	53d Congress, House Naval Affairs Committee Report 1778: Russell pay bill.
16 Mar 1896	54th Congress, Senate Bill; Russell pay bill.
16 Mar 1896	54th Congress, Senate Naval Affairs Committee Report 480: Russell pay bill.
14 Jan 1936	Officer-in-Charge, Naval Records and Library to Major General Russell: thanks for copies of documents pertaining to Rear Admiral Russell's Civil War service.
17 Mar 1938	Secretary of the Navy to Mrs. Charles H. Marshall [granddaughter of Rear Admiral Russell; daughter of Major General Russell]: designating Mrs. Marshall as sponsor for USS <i>Russell</i> (DD 414), to be launched about January 1939.
Undated	Evidence in support of House Bill 10.580, Record of Rear Admiral Russell.
<b>Folder 9</b>	<b>Other Naval Writers</b>
Jan 1937	Manuscript, rough draft: "The Cruise of the USS <i>Iroquois</i> , One Hundred and

- Ten Days from Honolulu to Puget Sound, Bound for Samoa," by Captain William W. Gilmer, U.S. Navy (Retired). The cruise occurred in 1889-90. The officers included Second Lieutenant George Barnett and Naval Cadet Ben H. Fuller. A classic tale of engine failure, months of privation while at the mercy of storms at sea.
- 21 Jun  
1937      Memorandum from Commander Aircraft, Base Force, USS *Wright* to Major General Russell: forwarding a copy of chapter, "U.S. Naval Aviation," which had been submitted to Brassey's for inclusion in naval annual; signed by King.
- Folder 10      Other Newspaper Columnists**
- 1930s-40s      Miscellaneous collected columns, 39 items.
- Folder 11      Miscellany**
- Undated      Typed anecdotes, one page.
- Undated      Two pages and a cut-out paragraph of miscellaneous partial documents.  
15 Jul  
1917      Pamphlet: "Military Publications Price List, Army Service Schools, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas."
- 2 Jan  
1945      Four letters, one draft of correspondence with California state officials: Russell advocating much stronger emphasis on vocational training in high schools.
- 1935      Membership card, Marine Corps League: Major General Commandant John H. Russell; valid to 30 September 1936.
- Undated      One page of an anti-isolationist manuscript.
- Undated      Brochure, "Alumni House, United States Naval Academy."
- Manuscript  
Box 2      Haiti**
- Folder 1      Background on Occupation of Haiti**
- Undated      Typescript: "Draft of a letter in Regard to Relations Between the United States and the Republic of Haiti from 1914 to Ratification to be signed by Mr. Robert Lansing." Historical treatise on intervention. [While possibly drafted by Russell, it appears equally likely that this document was given him as background for his assignment in Haiti.
- Folder 2      Proclamations**
- 3 Sep  
1915      Proclamation of Martial Law by Rear Admiral Caperton, U.S. Navy; Colonel Littleton W. T. Waller, commanding U.S. Expeditionary Force, designated to enforce.

3 Sep  
1915 Order restraining disruptive expression in the local press; published by the Grand Provost, Captain Alexander S. Williams, U.S. Marine Corps.

10 Sep  
1915 Order prohibiting carrying firearms or deadly weapons without U.S. military authorization; published by the Grand Provost.

22 Sep  
1915 Order prohibiting possession of rifles or rifle ammunition in the communes of Port-au-Prince and Petionville; requiring these items to be turned in by 27 September; published by the Grand Provost.

15 Oct  
1919 Leaflet containing proclamation by Russell, as commander of 1st Provisional Brigade, abolishing corvee system and stressing goals of occupation; translation by Mrs. Robert D. Heinl, Jr.

1921 "Proclamation to the Haitian People in the Districts Where There Are Bandits." Recommends citizens turn in bandits to avoid raids upon their settlements; published by Colonel R. S. Hooker, U.S. Marine Corps [Chief of Gendarmerie d'Haiti]; translation by Mrs. Heinl.

**Folder 3**                    **The Occupying Force**

25 May  
1918 Brigade Commander in Chief, Gendarmerie d'Haiti: forwarding copy of draft of new constitution.

1918 Pencil translation of 1918 constitution of Republic of Haiti.

20 May  
1918 Chief, Gendarmerie d'Haiti circular letter, encouraging the Gendarmerie to popularize support of constitution, ensure regularity at polls, cease corvee work Saturday night 8 June, pay off the workers, fete them with refreshments, and call no corvee work for week beginning 9 June.

12 Jun  
1918 Town-by-town tabulation of vote on constitution: 98,225 in favor; 768 against.

26 Apr  
1919 Letter from Homer L. Howell, District Commander, District of Port de Paix: vouching for character of two "former generals under Charlemagne Peralte" recently arrested.

ca.  
1919 Interrogation report: a caco from Jaco.

ca.  
1919 List of five prisoners awaiting action from Washington on sentences.

ca.  
1919 Memo: Hooker to Little, concerning a report of interrogation.

1 Nov  
1919 Second Regiment message 1 November 1919 1255 P.M., to Brigade Port-au-Prince: "Charlemagne Peralte killed by Capt Hannekin twelve midnight near Grand Riviere . . . ."

11 Feb  
1920 Pharmacist's Mate 3d Class Marsee Arthur Cox, Marine Aviation Medical Department, to Colonel Russell: report of injuries (badly bruised all over) of Stenovil Estinville.

18 May  
1920 Military Governor of Santo Domingo to Russell: discussing and concurring with items cited in Daily Diary Report 11-20 April, [cited report not among those in collection,] signed by Rear Admiral Thomas Snowden, U.S. Navy.

15 Sep  
1920 Brigade Commander to Commanding Officers, 2d Regiment and 8th Regiment, "Subject: Provost Courts—Exercise of Authority of;" limiting court powers, stressing treatment of Haitians with firmness, courtesy, dignity.

20 May  
1921 Brigade Law Officer report on Flag Day insults to Gendarmerie d'Haiti and the occupation: Speech by Vely Thebaud advocated force, accordingly ordered arrest and military trial; signed by Second Lieutenant James B. Hardie.

25 May  
1921 Brigade Law Officer letter: legal guidance and policy for units exercising martial law; signed by Second Lieutenant James B. Hardie.

16 Jun  
1921 General Receiver to Brigade Commander, "Subject: General Monthly Report to Collector of Customs, Miragoane for May 1921": report indicates mood of populace is receptive to occupation; signed by A.J.M. (?).

20 Sep  
1921 List: "Haitian Newspapers of Recent Publication." Tabulates name, address, editor's name, political/financial backing, political stance.

16 Oct  
1926 Gendarmerie d'Haiti General Order No. 45: revoking General Orders 26 and 27 [reorganization by Harllee] as illegal.

13 Feb  
1930 S. F. Streit to Russell: appreciation for courtesies during visit.

5 Nov  
1930 Financial Advisor to Government of Haiti, to Russell: ". . . politics played by you and Haiti a shabby trick." Signed by W. W. Cumberland.

**Folder 4** **Daily Diary Reports by Commander, 1st Provisional Brigade**

[Note: file consists of signed flimsy copies of periodic reports covering a few days or a few weeks. Significant entries were reported to Admiral Knapp, but frequently there was "Nothing of military or political importance to report."]

20 Mar  
1920 (1-20 March)

Undated  
13 Oct  
1920 (3-13 June)

(28 September-13 October). 28 September: Charles Zamor called, was granted permission to live in Cap Haitien. 7 October: gave Barnave Dartiguenave [president's brother, Minister of Interior] opinion on who should be kept or dismissed from the Cabinet.

2 Nov  
1920 (25 October-2 November)

15 Nov  
1920 (3-15 November). Russell accompanied Rear Admiral H. S. Knapp on inspection tour 3-6 November; Rear Admirals Mayo and Oliver plus Major General W. C. Neville on tour 8-12 November.

29 Nov  
1920 (16-18 November)

12 Dec  
1920 (6-11 December). 7 December: Lieutenant Jones of Gendarmerie d'Haiti was killed at 0135. Investigation in progress.

20 Dec  
1920 (12-20 December)

3 Jan  
1921 (21 December-2 January)

15 Jan  
1921 (3-15 January)

20 Jan  
1921 (17-19 January)

28 Jan  
1921 (20-27 January)

2 Feb  
1921 (28 January-1 February)

19 Feb  
1921 (2-28 February)

8 Mar  
1921 (19 February-7 March)

15 Mar  
1921 (8-14 March)

4 Apr  
1921 (15 March-3 April). 24 March: visit by C. A. Burroughs, American black agitator from Union Patriotique. 27-30 March: visit by Secretary of the Navy Edwin Denby.

Undated (4-9 April)

28 Apr  
1921 (10-28 April). 15 April: Burroughs is connected with *The Nation*. 25 April: call by Mr. Benoit, *ex-Commissaire du Gouvernement*.

21 May  
1921 (3-17 May) Two copies.

31 May  
1921 (18-28 May). 26 May: issued proclamation against incendiary speeches or publication. [Original plus draft also in file.]

3 Jun  
1921 (29 May-2 June)

9 Jul  
1921 (21 June-8 July)

21 Jul  
1921 (9-20 July)

1 Aug  
1921 (21-31 July)

13 Aug  
1921 (1-12 August)

24 Aug  
1921 (13-23 August)

6 Sep  
1921 (24 August-5 September)

19 Sep  
1921 (6-18 September)

30 Sep  
1921 (19-30 September)

21 Oct  
1921 (1-21 October)

7 Nov  
1921 (22 October-6 November). 6 November: Brigadier General Richards arrived.

17 Dec  
1921 (26 November-17 December). 29 November: Senate Investigating Committee arrived in USS *Argonne*; departed 7 December for Dominican Republic.

31 Dec  
1921 (18-31 December). Inspection tour suggests no aftermath to agitation during Senate Committee investigation.

**Folder 5**      **Special Correspondence with Higher Headquarters**

17 Jun  
1918      Brigade Commander to Chief of Naval Operations, via Major General Commandant, "Subject: Adoption of the new constitution in Haiti": large majority vote in favor is outweighed by lack of public understanding of issues.

Undated      Manuscript: Russell's description of adoption of constitution.

10 Oct  
1919      Russell to Brigadier General Charles G. Long: analysis of situation after inspection tour.

17 Oct  
1919      Russell to Major General Commandant: analysis of progress since arrival; tactical evaluation of Charlemagne Peralte's force.

4 Dec  
1920      Brigade Commander to Chief of Naval Operations, "Report on the political situation in Haiti in its relation to the military, November 1920": banditry waned with killing of Benoit Batrville in April; Haitian President trying to throw off financial controls; Russell recommends tighten controls or end occupation.

18 Jan  
1921      Brigade Commander to Chief of Naval Operations: situation is gradually worse, tranquil but with undercurrent of unrest; Russell recommends forcing Haitian government to admit their courts' unwillingness to enforce laws, and proposes stronger military controls.

1 Oct  
1921      Russell to Secretary of the Navy, "Memorandum Regarding a Constructive Policy for Haiti": recommends establishment of office of high commissioner to make the treaty and the constitution work for stability.

12 Dec  
1921      Russell to Major General Commandant: description of events with the Senate Committee of investigators.

23 Dec  
1921      John A. Lejeune personal to Colonel Russell: as expected, Senate Committee seems commendatory. Only "atrocities" was case of Captain Merkle in Santo Domingo. Holographic postscript authorizing provision of supplies to Red Cross in emergency. Signed by Lejeune.

6 Sep  
1922 High Commissioner to Secretary of State: report on use and need for martial law and provost courts to impose stability in Haiti.

16 Oct  
1926 Russell to Major General Commandant: have overruled reorganization of Gendarmerie proposed by Colonels Harllee and Turrill.

23 Dec  
1926 Russell to Major General Commandant: discussing leadership problems of Colonel Harllee.

3 Nov  
1928 Assistant Secretary of State to Russell: forwarding blind copy of Secretary of Navy's note.

13 May  
1930 Correspondence among American High Commissioner, Secretary of the Navy, Major General Commandant, and Colonel Edward B. Manwaring (2d Regiment) with endorsements through 31 March 1931: concerning Secretary of Navy displeasure at assignment of staff officers as general court-martial members in case of Lieutenant Commander Theodore E. Cox, Medical Corps, U.S. Navy.

12 Aug  
1930 W. D. Castle, Department of State, to Russell (on leave in France): President thinks Russell may have done all that can be done in Haiti and may not want to return.

6 Oct  
1930 Russell to Secretary of State: tendering resignation as High Commissioner.

**Folder 6** **Russell Describes the Occupation**

ca.  
1919 Penciled draft, incomplete, on the challenge of the occupation.

Jun  
1921 "Political Problem of Haiti, June 1921."

ca.  
1921 Outline for paper on Haiti and U.S. intervention; 2 pages.

ca.  
1921 Penciled draft of memorandum on Haitian labor costs.

ca.  
1921 Assessment of six years in Haiti; 2 pages.

11 Dec  
1921 Typed/penciled draft: "The Political Aspects of the Situation in Haiti," 11 December 1921.

27 Mar  
1922 Script: remarks of American High Commissioner at dinner given by M. Barau, Minister of Foreign Relations.

1 Apr  
1922 Script: speech at dinner given by Russell; President Dartiguenave among guests.

ca.  
1923 "Outline for Study on Haiti."

ca.  
1925 Untitled article on improvements in Haiti.

ca.  
1928 Draft: refutation of document—possibly a Senate resolution—by Bryce (not further identified). 21-page draft; first page missing.

*Folder 7*

**Documents of Haitian Officialdom**

- 29 Mar  
1915 President (by Caco coup) Vilbrun Guillaume Sam to Commandant, Lascahobas Arrondissement: seeking surrender to new regime.
- 17 Apr  
1915 President Sam to Commandant, Lascahobas Arrondissement: seeking accommodation.
- 17 Aug  
1915 President Philippe Sudre Dartiguenave: proclamation. "Wrapping himself in the flag." With translation.
- 18 Aug  
1916 Typed translation of draft constitution; 21 pages.
- 2 Feb  
1918 President Dartiguenave to Russell: appreciation, upon relief.
- 15 May  
1918 Printed circular on voting procedures issued by Osmin Cham, Secretary of Interior.
- 5 Jan  
1919 Memoire (penciled copy plus translation): 23-page document citing grievances referred to U.S. Secretary of State in November 1918; primary complaint, Financial Advisor A. J. Ruan doesn't give them desired budget. Typed translation by Mrs. Heintz.
- 22 Jan  
1919 Benoit, Secretary of State for Exterior Relations, to Envoy Tertullian Guilbaud at Paris Peace Conference: instructions to seek indemnities independent of U.S. claims.
- Apr  
1919 Envoy Guilbaud to President Dartiguenave: describing political interplay at Paris conference. Translation. Incomplete.
- 27 May  
1920 President Dartiguenave to Russell: complimenting discipline noted during visit to Mirebalais and Lascahobas.
- 8 Jan  
1921 President Dartiguenave to Russell: proposing suppression of opposition press, by "other means" if necessary.
- 2 Mar  
1921 Secretary of State for Foreign Relations to Russell: forwarding a letter of interest from Cuba. [Letter not attached.]
- 12 Mar  
1921 President Dartiguenave to Russell: complaining of insults in free press, wants Gendarmerie to suppress.
- 14 Dec  
1921 Affidavit of Andre F. Chevallier: President Dartiguenave complained to General Wise, Chief of Gendarmerie, about journalistic attacks.
- 30 Dec  
1921 Delegates of the Government of Haiti to Russell: letter of commendation.
- 26 Mar  
1922 Letter to Russell from Louis Borno discussing loan of \$40 million.
- 9 Sep  
1924 President Louis Borno to Russell: religious essay leading to bid for budget support of cathedral and monument construction. With translation.

15 May  
1929 Borno to Russell: translation of note of thanks.

21 Feb  
1930 President Borno to General Russell: expression of solidarity in face of hostile press; translation of original.

*Folder 8* Civilian and Caco Documents

[Note: Caco documents were seldom literate, often penciled on low-grade paper, repeatedly folded, smuggled in sweaty pockets. Names and other details extracted from them are problematical.]

May  
1916 Newspaper *Le Moniteur*. Copy of proposed constitution plus related articles.

14 May  
1919 Caco proclamation: translation of item posted in Port-au-Prince on night of 14 March 1919.

22 Mar  
1919 Translation of letter found on the body of General Celisma Pierre, from Charlemagne Peralte to General Aspelly Joseph.

23 Mar  
1919 Note of Auguste Bernadot (captured item).

27 Mar  
1919 Charlemagne Peralte to General Benoit.

29 Mar  
1919 Caco proclamation: item posted on town gate of San Michel.

30 Mar  
1919 Orders to General Benoit to attack Mirebalais; presumably issued by Charlemagne Peralte.

2 Apr  
1919 Charlemagne Peralte to General Benoit.

7 Apr  
1919 Charlemagne Peralte to General Jules Trouejou.

14 Apr  
1919 Editorial, *Courrier Haitien*: delight at departure of Colonel Hooker. Translation by Mrs. Heintz.

18 Apr  
1919 Charlemagne Peralte to General Riphin Dubuisson: urging aggressive action in Lascahobas Arrondissement. With translation.

20 Apr  
1919 Petite Auge Jean Toussant to General Tonnont.

20 Apr  
1919 Benoit to General Tonnont.

3 Jun  
1919 Charlemagne Peralte to British Consul, Port-au-Prince: seeking support. With translation.

7 Jun  
1919 Sinlma Joseph ("Pichoute," Chief of Cacos from Sec. Carnai) to General Orestin Remisin.

- 14 Jun .  
1919      General Zamor to Division Chief, Cercle-la-Source: concerning arms and ammunition. Translation by Mrs. Heintl.
- Undated      Note of Madame Casimir Lacroix.
- Undated      General Ceius Lacroix, Chief of Division, to Charlemagne Peralte.
- Undated      Notecard receipt from Marius Francois to Charleus Bataille for two rifles donated to revolution. With translation.
- Undated      List by Charlemagne Peralte of 18 officers and noncommissioned officers of the Gendarmerie whose heads he wants; they will not be pardoned by the Cacos.
- Undated      Translation of three letters from Widow Massena Peralte to Charlemagne Peralte, urging him to avoid arrest, send money.
- Undated  
ca. May  
1919      Penciled copy of Caco tactical plan. With translation.  
List: "Letters Captured from Bandits." Fourteen typed entries including many of foregoing items, plus five additional items written at end.
- 10 Jun  
1919      Leois Joseph, Delegate Extraordinary of the Department of the North, to Aucestin Remisinte: appointing Remisinte as chief of division of action being mounted against Americans. Translation by Mrs. Heintl.
- 14 Jun  
1919      General Sainte le Pierre to General Estavien Bien-Aime: disavowing involvement in some proposal. Translation by Mrs. Heintl.
- 16 Jun  
1919      Orestin Remisinte, General of Division of the third section of Boismari, Commune of Cercle la Source, to Charlemagne Peralte: requesting five carbines, to block Lamielle Road. Translation by Mrs. Heintl.
- 8 Jan  
1920      Proclamation issued by Papillon Fils, urging gendarmes to desert and join him.
- 30 Mar  
1922      Newspaper *L'Echo National*. Single sheet. Supportive of Russell.
- Undated      Bandit Proclamation, 5 pages, untranslated.
- Folder 9      Investigating the Occupation**
- 27 Sep  
1919      Assistant to Commandant, to Russell: alerting Brigade to inquiry arising from court-martial argument of Lieutenant Spear, regarding unlawful treatment, killing of Haitians; signed by Chas. G. Long.
- 2 Oct  
1919      Major General Commandant personal to Russell: concerning statement that "practically indiscriminate killing of natives has gone on for some time," directing corrective action; signed by George Barnett.
- 15 Oct  
1919      Brigade commander's circular prohibiting unjustifiable force and requiring instruction of all hands; issued by Russell.

24 Dec 1919  
ca.  
1920  
Adjutant and Inspector to Russell: recommending gathering of evidence.

1 Aug 1920  
"Statement of Colonel John H. Russell, U.S. Marine Corps, Commanding 1st Brigade, U.S. Marines, Port-au-Prince, Haiti": a history of occupation achievements; 9 pages.

Sep 1920  
First Provisional Brigade General Order No. 16: providing for trial of Marines of Brigade or Gendarmerie d'Haiti for unjustifiable killing, maltreatment; requiring publication to all ranks; issued by Russell. Two copies.

Sep 1920  
"Paraphrase of a Despatch from Secretary of the Navy to Flag Minnesota [Rear Admiral Knapp]": directing investigation upon return of Haitian Minister to Haiti.

Sep 1920  
Typed list of questions "taken from the letter of Mr. Charles McKinley, Department of Politics, Reed College, Portland, Oregon": concerning allegations of illegality. Two pages.

Sep 1920  
"Memorandum Answer to Questions Propounded by Mr. Charles McKinley, Reed College, Portland, Oregon": single typed draft with answers to first three of 14 questions; several additional pages would have been required to complete subject [Style appears to be that of Russell: deliberate, pedagogic].

ca.  
1920  
"Memorandum in the Case of Ernest J. Lavoie": discussing possible extradition to Haiti of former Marine private accused of crimes while serving as captain of Gendarmerie d'Haiti. Author unidentified; memorandum probably submitted to Russell. Single page, typewritten.

ca.  
1920  
"Memorandum, Case of Lavoie": expanded discussion of options available in Lavoie case. Two typed pages, possibly prepared by Russell based upon preceding document in this folder.

2 Oct 1920  
R. S. Hooker, Acting Chief of the Gendarmerie d'Haiti, memorandum for Admiral Knapp: submitting a numbered series of responses to questions, apparently those propounded by Charles McKinley.

14 Oct 1920  
Newspaper article: "Reports Unlawful Killing of Haitians By Our Marines," *New York Times*.

15 Oct 1920  
Newspaper article: caption missing, text continues discussion of General Barnett's disclosures to Secretary of the Navy. *New York Times*.

22 Oct 1920  
Russell to Rear Admiral S. H. Knapp: concerning loss of report forwarded on 20 March 1920.

11 Nov 1920  
U.S. Naval Communication Service commercial radiogram: Simpson to Associated Press, New York, reporting Haitian President Dartiguenave's testimony before naval court. Three message pages.

17 Nov 1920  
Russell to Major General Commandant: concerning loss of report forwarded on 20 March 1920.

6 Dec  
1920 Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps letter, subject: "Loss of Report of Investigation of the Affairs in Haiti, forwarded from Port-au-Prince, Haiti, on 20 March 1920."

Dec  
1920 "Excerpts from Report of Court of Inquiry into Haitian Matters, 1920"; issued by Rear Admiral H. T. Mayo.

9 May  
1921 Newspaper article: "Marines Accused of Haytian Crimes." *New York Times*.

11 May  
1921 Newspaper article: "'Rot,' Denby Says of Haitian's Charges." Trenton, New Jersey *Evening Times*.

Undated Paragraph of Senate resolution to send a committee of inquiry to Haiti and Dominican Republic.

ca.  
1921 "Statement by Colonel John H. Russell." Annotated draft, quoting General Barnett's testimony and commenting thereon.

Undated Envelope, empty, labelled "newspaper clippings".

**Folder 10** **Senate Investigation**

22 Jan  
1922 67th Congress, Senate Select Committee on Haiti and the Dominican Republic, Report 794: "Inquiry into Occupation and Administration of Haiti and the Dominican Republic."

**Folder 11** **Relations with The Nation**

24 Apr  
1920 Secretary of the Navy to Russell: forwarding *The Nation* article "The Conquest of Haiti" and requesting a statement.

27 Jul  
1920 Captain J. L. Perkins, U.S. Marine Corps, to Brigade Commander: "Account of patrol made in company with Mr. Herbert J. Seligman, 3-7 April 1920": alleges that writer attempted to instigate killing of civilian woman, other crimes; two pages.

13 Dec  
1921 Captain Jesse L. Perkins to Commander, Department of the South: sworn statement concerning *The Nation* representative Seligman on 3-7 April 1920 patrol, amplifying details of allegations.

**Folder 12** **Investigation into Conduct of Lieutenant Colonel Wise**

3 Mar  
1921 Letter to Russell complaining about accusations and threats made by Colonel Wise. Author presumed to be Mr. H. P. Davis, American businessman in Port-au-Prince.

4 Mar  
1921 Major Edward A. Ostermann to Brigade Commander: reporting on 26 February

- 1921 incident in which Lieutenant Colonel Frederic M. Wise slandered Mr. H. P. Davis.
- 12 Mar  
1921 Major Ostermann memorandum to Colonel Russell: reporting Wise's intoxication at Caserne Dartiguenave 12 August 1920.
- 12 Mar  
1921 "Questions Asked Captain Knighton by the Brigade Commander." Four-page transcript of questions and answers concerning behavior of Lieutenant Colonel Wise 28 February 1921 and other occasions; generally exonerates Wise.
- 31 Mar  
1921 Major General Commandant Lejeune to Mr. H. P. Davis, Port-au-Prince: acknowledging complaint and expressing regret; noting Wise detached from Haiti.
- Folder 13**                    **Congressional Correspondence**
- 12 Dec  
1921 F. C. Baker to Senator Atlee Pomerene: American businessman in Haiti providing anecdotal evidence of backwardness of Haitians.
- 7 Jun  
1923 Congressman Harold Knutson to Russell: complaining of delays in facilitating a business transaction, threatening to call for congressional inquiry into occupation.
- 28 Jun  
1923 Russell to Congressman Knutson: brusque reply, inviting the congressman to admit that he is using threats to obtain business monopoly.
- 25 Mar  
1925 American Financial Advisor to Haiti to High Commissioner: reporting visit of Congressman Harold Knutson 21 March 1925 in which Knutson suggested Cumberland as a successor to Russell in return for favorable assistance in investments in Haiti; two pages; signed by W. W. Cumberland.
- ca.  
1926 One-page report on refusal by Haitian President Borno to permit Utah Senator W. H. King to visit Haiti.
- ca.  
1926 Two-page report on refusal by Haitian President Borno to permit Utah Senator W. H. King to visit Haiti.
- Feb  
1929 "Memorandum on a Resolution and Accompanying Statement Presented to the United States Senate, on 22 February 1929." Submitted by Richard U. Strong, five-page analysis of King's proposal to investigate occupation, and to terminate it.
- Feb  
1929 "Memorandum on a Resolution and Accompanying Statement Presented to the United States Senate on 22 February 1929." Russell's twelve-page refutation, point-to-point, of Senator King's speech. Probably based upon Strong's memorandum [supra].
- Folder 14**                    **Binder of Items Compiled December 1928-December 1929**
- 20 Dec  
1928 Maryland Representative Stephen W. Gambrill to Russell: enclosing copy of House of Representatives Bill 13685 "To regulate the distribution and promo-

- tion of commissioned officers of the Marine Corps . . .," plus printed report of hearing before Committee on Naval Affairs in which General Lejeune praised Russell's work in Haiti; also suggests plan to get a torpedo boat or minesweeper named for Russell's father.
- 4 Jan  
1929 Russell to Congressman Gambrell: appreciation for support.
- 17 Dec  
1928 R. Stuyvesant Pierrepont to Russell: announcing renewal of gift subscription to *Barron's Weekly*; discussing stock market.
- 4 Jan  
1929 Russell to Pierrepont: thanks for subscription.
- 29 Feb  
1929 Pierrepont to Russell: discussing investments, family matters.
- 7 Jan  
1929 Panama Canal executive H. Burgess to Russell: thanks for entertaining Mrs. Burgess in Port-au-Prince.
- 18 Jan  
1929 U.S. Department of Agriculture horticulturist Knowles A. Ryerson to Russell: request for aerial photographs of the Citadel [King Christophe's mountain-top fortress] for himself and for Lieutenant King [early Marine aviator in Haiti]; discusses progress in sisal and problems in pineapple farming.
- Undated C. M. Graves, editor of *New York Times* Sunday Pictorial Section: form letter request for picture of Russell.
- 24 Jan  
1929 H. H. McCubbin, Secretary of American High Commissioner, to *New York Times*: submitting photo.
- 28 Jan  
1929 Robert Niles, Jr., to Russell: introducing Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Norton who will visit Haiti in February.
- 28 Jan  
1929 Ch. Peignot, Paris, to Russell: inviting renewal of subscription to *Arts et Metiers Graphiques* magazine.
- 8 Feb  
1929 Russell to John Allnutt & Co., London: acknowledging receipt of three cases forwarded from Kingston.
- 11 Feb  
1929 Russell to Brigadier General Rufus H. Lane: requesting confirmation of unofficial information that Secretary of State had sent letter of commendation to Secretary of the Navy.
- 15 Feb  
1929 F. H. Cooke, Public Works Officer, Philadelphia Navy Yard to Russell: forwarding derogatory article from *New York World*, 10 February; six-page typed copy of article by Napoleon Bonaparte Marshall, former clerk in U.S. Consulate, Port-au-Prince, denouncing the occupation in general.
- 5 Nov  
1929 Lieutenant Colonel C. B. Matthews to Russell (on Commandant's stationery): thanking Russell for requesting Matthews as relief for Colonel South in Garde d'Haiti; Commandant has disapproved.
- 12 Feb  
1929 Representative Kiess to Russell: forwarding Directory, gratis.

23 Feb  
1929 Russell to Representative Edgar R. Kiess: thanks for *Congressional Directory*.

25 Feb  
1929 Russell to U.S. Ambassador to Cuba Noble Brandon Judah: thanks for letter of 7 February, and for rail and steamship reservations.

7 Feb  
1929 Ambassador Judah to Russell: confirming reservations.

28 Feb  
1929 *Barron's Weekly* form letter to "Dear Subscriber": sending booklet.

5 Mar  
1929 Russell to John Gardner Murray, Presiding Bishop of Protestant Episcopal Church of the U.S.A.: enjoyed your visit.

16 Jan  
1929 Bishop Murray to Russell: thanks for hospitality.

6 Mar  
1929 L. S. Rowe, Director General of Pan American Union, to Russell: congratulations on admirable publication "Come to Haiti."

7 Mar  
1929 *National Cyclopaedia of American Biography* form letter: follow-up request for biographic data; annotated "Sent March 21/29 C."

13 Feb  
1929 *National Cyclopeadia of American Biography* form letter request for data.

9 Mar  
1929 Russell to investment banker Auville Eager: Haitian government is not contemplating loan at this time; sisal and cotton production are accelerating.

1 Feb  
1929 Auville Eager to Russell: citing favorable observations on Haiti from Bishop Murray and others, offering services to underwrite development enterprises.

9 Mar  
1929 Russell to Mr. M. Butterman: acknowledging Christmas card.

Undated Christmas card from M. Butterman.

9 Mar  
1929 Russell to Mr. Glen Abbey at American Consulate, Johannesburg: thanks for Christmas card; Haiti progressing since you left.

Undated Christmas card from G. Abbey.

9 Mar  
1929 Russell to Colonel John T. Meyers: Seabrook's book is full of fable reported as fact and is disliked by both Haitians and Americans; he abused our hospitality.

7 Feb  
1929 Colonel Meyers to Russell: forwarding newspaper article [not included]; doubting report from Honolulu that Smedley Butler will retire; speculating on assignments of Generals Butler, Lejeune, Dion [Williams], and Feland. Inquiry on Seabook book.

29 Mar  
1929 Russell to Charles Howard: appreciation for stock recommendation.

29 Mar  
1929 Russell to Major P. H. Torrey: glad you're being sent back here.

29 Mar  
1929 Russell to Dr. Alexander Wetmore, Smithsonian Institution: thanks for pamphlet; comment on cave explorations.

Undated Alexander Wetmore, "Zoological Exploration in Hispaniola," reprint from pages 33-40 of *Explorations and Field-Work of the Smithsonian Institution in 1927*.

29 Mar  
1929 Russell to Captain Charles S. Butler, Medical Corps, U.S. Navy: thanks for shark-bite data; concur.

11 Mar  
1929 Captain Butler to Russell: forwarding shark bite article from *The Military Surgeon*, March 1929, to refute Dr. Beebe's lecture claim that shark threat could be ignored.

12 Apr  
1929 Major General Commandant to Russell: belated thanks for message of congratulation; signed by Wendell C. Neville.

9 Feb  
1929 Russell to General Neville: congratulations on appointment as Commandant.

12 Apr  
1929 Dr. W. W. Cumberland [former Financial Adviser to Haiti] to Russell: introducing Mr. and Mrs. Jackson Fleming.

11 May  
1929 Russell to Cumberland, replying letter 22 April 1929: concur H. P. Davis' activities a joke; recent visitors all seem to be seeking disagreeable items to report; Mr. de la Rue seems delightful, efficient, energetic.

22 Apr  
1929 Cumberland to Russell: met de la Rue en route to Haiti—he seems able; H. P. Davis has been to Secretary of State seeking High Commissionership—Stimson should see through him; stock market restless, recommend hang on.

25 Jan  
1929 Russell to Cumberland: Davis's article in *The Herald* fails to identify that only failures in Haiti were those in which he was interested; expect favorable stock market in spring.

12 Jan  
1929 Cumberland to Russell: citing H. P. Davis article in New York *Herald-Tribune* 6 January 1929: blames military for lack of progress; Cumberland glad to be out of "blame zone" after four years of daily vilification.

13 Dec  
1928 Cumberland to Russell: nothing in news about Haiti; you must be glad Democrats not elected—they would be reorganizing—haven't even noticed Senator King fulminating; regret your difficulties with my successor, Millspaugh; stock market appears sound. Coffee unstable so not interested in establishing plantation.

17 Apr  
1929 S. C. Marsh, Stroud & Co. (investors) to Russell: offering services of Intercontinents Power Company to invest in Haitian hydroelectric and irrigation projects.

20 May  
1929 Marsh to Russell: acknowledging 7 May letter: price too high.

7 May  
1929 Russell to Marsh: Haytian Corporation of America recently refused \$1,200,000 for their properties; no other projects under serious consideration.

3 Apr  
1929 Russell to Major Calvin B. Matthews, Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps: appreciate any assistance to aide, Lieutenant Watson, in request for Keyport as first duty station.

26 Apr  
1929 Russell to Mrs. Fields: appreciation of prize bull given to Haiti.

7 May  
1929 Russell to I.P. Roosa, U.S. Despatch Agent, New York: acknowledge receipt of letter and box.

27 Apr  
1929 I.P. Roosa to Russell: concerning shipment of electrical items.

10 May  
1929 Winthrop F. Scott, State Department, to Russell: thanks for information on businesses investing in Haiti; Cadastral law is under study.

7 May  
1929 Russell to Scott: request telegraph reply to leave request; need lead time for reservations in Europe.

5 Mar  
1929 Russell to Scott: welcome to assignment handling Haitian affairs; annual report will help answer questions; maps are being sent.

9 Feb  
1929 Scott to Russell: assigned to Latin American Division and handling Haiti and Santo Domingo; please sent up-to-date maps.

11 May  
1929 Financial Adviser-General Receiver S. de la Rue to Russell: forwarding copy of letter to Collector of Customs.

11 May  
1929 General Receiver to Collector of Customs, Port-au-Prince: instructions not to open or delay packages to diplomats.

10 May  
1929 S. de la Rue to Russell: investigation of Haitian Customs having opened package to Mrs. Russell.

11 May  
1929 Russell to W. D. Harlan, Port Arthur, Texas: Gulf Oil has no connections in Haiti; maybe in Santo Domingo.

1 May  
1929 W. D. Harlan to Russell: requesting information on obtaining job with Gulf Oil in Haiti.

11 May  
1929 Russell to Charles H. Marshall: concur, better to sell stock at loss; anticipate arrival New York ca. 1 July and sail for Europe 9th; will need money.

30 Apr  
1929 Russell to Marshall: thanks for 17 April letter and statement showing "healthy advance in my account."

29 Mar  
1929 Russell to Marshall: thanks for 5 March letter; tourism is busy; market must be chaotic.

Undated Two formal invitations for Port-au-Prince events in May 1929.

18 May 1929 Julius Fleishman, Cincinnati, to Russell: thanks for photographs of Citadel.

20 May 1929 Russell to Captain Dudley W. Knox, U.S. Navy: advising widely decentralized trade in charcoal makes important and distribution of substitute product unlikely.

4 May 1929 Knox to Russell: inquiring about market for charcoal substitute.

24 May 1929 Dana G. Munro, State Department, to Russell: delaying action on 14 March 1929 instructions in view of Russell's comments.

10 Jun 1929 Telegram, Stimson to Russell: inquiring if Russell can leave Haiti early, spent part of last week in June in Washington.

24 May 1929 High Commissioner's secretary McCubbin to Editor, *Financial World*, regarding conflict in bills for renewal of subscription with related correspondence.

13 Feb 1929 *Financial World* to McCubbin: referencing 28 January letter; mistake appears corrected.

21 Jan 1929 McCubbin to *Financial World*: General's renewal billed as new subscription to "Mister" Russell.

4 Jun 1929 *Financial World* to Russell: error corrected.

25 May 1929 Russell to J. T. White & Co., publishers: declining to have portrait with biography in *National Cyclopaedia of American Biography*.

15 May 1929 F. B. Kane to J. B. White & Co., to Russell: *National Cyclopaedia* sells for \$15; invitation to include portrait.

8 May 1929 Russell to J. B. White & Co.; returning corrected proof of biography.

24 Apr 1929 J. B. White & Co. for letter to Russell: promoting publication *National Portrait Gallery*; returning proof of biography for corrections.

29 May 1929 Russell to Washington Loan and Trust Company: enclosing check and deposit slips.

1 Jun 1929 S. de la Rue to Russell: forwarding copy of Sir Gordon Guggisberg's plan for rehabilitation of British Guiana.

3 Jun 1929 Russell to W. R. Scott: except to sail on S.S. *Ancon* 26 June, arrive New York 1 July and Washington 2 July for three-four days.

24 May 1929 Scott to Russell: telegram approving leave was sent.

12 Jun 1929 Haitian Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs to Russell: acknowledging leave itinerary. Translation by Mrs. Heinl.

14 Jun 1929 Russell to Mr. Rosbottom, Panama Railroad and Steamship Line: try for reservations on *Ile de France* 6 July; \$725.50 is steep; is there diplomatic rate?

13 Jun  
1929 Telegram, Van Reed to PRACIREM, New York: Russell desires reservations on *Ile de France*.

15 Jun  
1929 Russell to Cartier, Inc., New York: acknowledging receipt of cigarette case.

28 May  
1929 Cartier, Inc. to Russell: inquiring if Mrs. Russell received gold and enamel cigarette case via diplomatic pouch 30 March.

15 May  
1929 Russell to Mr. H. S. Rubens, President, Consolidated Railroads of Cuba: thanks for offer of use of private rail car.

28 May  
1929 Cable, Stimson to Russell: 90 days leave granted.

15 Jun  
1929 Cable, Russell to Secretary of State: sailing 16 June via Cuba; expect arrive Washington on or before 24 June.

1 Feb  
1929 Cable, KELLOGG, DCO GITMO to Russell: acknowledging message.

5 May  
1929 Russell to Secretary of State: request 90 days leave,

10 Oct  
1929 Cable, Russell to Secretary of State: arrived this morning.

21 May  
1929 Secretary of State to Russell: leave approved.

3 Jun  
1929 Russell to D. G. Munro: intend leave 26 June, arrive Washington 2 July for talks.

17 Jun  
1929 Cable, Charge d'Affaires Grummon to Secretary of State: Russell sailed yesterday.

4 Jun  
1929 Russell to Secretary of State: will probably sail 26 June.

11 Jun  
1929 Russell to Haitian Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs: expect leave 26 June-1 October.

Undated Russell to President Borna: have been asked to leave early; probably leaving 16 June via Cuba.

10 Jun  
1929 Russell memorandum to Lieutenants Watson and Chapelle: security measures for house and cars during leave of absence.

10 Jun  
1929 Russell memorandum to aides (Watson and Chapelle): send routine reports to secretaries (McCubbins and Mrs. Place.)

10 Jun  
1929 Russell memorandum to Mr. Grummon: disbursements during leave: McCubbins's salary \$250; Mrs. Place's salary \$150; rent \$150.

10 Jun  
1929 Russell memorandum to Lieutenant Watson: pay for seven servants \$102 plus three part-time helpers \$20.80.

10 Jun  
1929 Russell memorandum to Senior Aide: Charge d'Affaires take over all High Commissioner functions except military; Senior Officer Present assumes military command.

10 Jun  
1929 Russell memorandum to Grummon: assigning Charge d'Affaires.

10 Jun  
1929 Russell to Lieutenant Chapelle: supervise overhaul of barge.

11 Jun  
1929 Russell memorandum to all treaty officials: itinerary and chain of command.

25 Jun  
1929 Russell to General Receiver de la Rue: returning customs declaration with evaluation of silver cup imported.

20 Jul  
1929 Paymaster, U.S. Marine Corps, to Russell (in Paris): two of three months leave will be excess. Due to Comptroller General decisions eliminating half-pay during excess leave, pay will cut off after July; this includes allotments of \$515 to Washington Loan & Trust and \$18.10 to Navy Mutual Aid.

28 Aug  
1929 Charge d'Affaires Grummon to Financial Adviser de la Rue: forwarding letter from American Club for information.

27 Aug  
1929 Randolph Coyle, President of American Club of Port-au-Prince to High Commissioner: disavowing any derogatory statements by individual members against occupation or officials.

28 Aug  
1929 Grummon to Colonel Randolph Coyle, Garde d'Haiti: thanks for letter 27 August 1929.

25 Oct  
1929 Grummon to Copenhaver [Engravers], Washington, D.C.: for 200 place cards.

27 Sep  
1929 H. B. Ode, Vice President, International Telephone and Telegraph (owners of subsidiary operating New York-Haiti cable): inviting Russell and de la Rue to business lunch.

4 Oct  
1929 Deputy General Receiver to Haitian Collector of Customs: request every courtesy be extended to diplomatic agents.

Oct  
1928 [misfiled] Dr. Walter Franklin Prince, Boston Society for Psychic Research, form letter with "census" questionnaire to 10,000 persons listed in *Who's Who*; annotation "Answered NO. JHR."

15 Oct  
1929 L. S. Rowe, Director-General, Pan American Union to Russell: congratulations on progress cited in 7th annual report.

17 Dec  
1929 K. C. Welborn, attached to Haitian Public Health Service, memorandum to Russell: forwarding copies of uncle's letters to senators, Secretary of State, etc., for Russell's enjoyment.

21 Oct  
1929 Russell to Collector of Internal Revenue, Baltimore: forwarding amount due.

29 Oct  
1929 Russell to National City Bank, New York, Chairman Charles E. Mitchell: forwarding copy of "my last report."

29 Oct  
1929 Russell to Episcopal news director William Hoster: shocked to learn of Bishop Murray's death.

8 Oct  
1929 William Hoster to Russell: Bishop Murray died 3 October.

29 Oct  
1929 Russell to W. E. Dunn: thanks for economic chart.

27 Jun  
1929 W. E. Dunn, Redmond & Co., to Russell: forwarding economic chart.

4 Nov  
1929 Russell to Saks & Co., 5th Avenue, New York: forwarding payment.

5 Nov  
1929 Russell to Colonel Presley M. Rixey: agreeing to consider Rixey in selection of relief for Colonel Evans, but not due until 1930; would be glad to see you return.

10 Oct  
1929 Rixey to Russell: requesting consideration as Evans' relief.

9 Nov  
1929 Russell to Tiffany & Co.: request engraving of tennis trophy.

10 Nov  
1929 Russell to National City Bank: requesting sale of stocks.

30 Oct  
1929 National City Bank, New York to Russell: request instruction on proposed stock trade.

12 Nov  
1929 Internal Revenue Service, Baltimore: returning money order for \$7.51.

6 Nov  
1929 Russell to Internal Revenue Service: enclosing money order for \$1.80; requesting return of money order for \$7.51.

13 Nov  
1929 Russell to Panama Pacific Steamship Line: requesting schedule of sailing Panama to San Francisco during January-February.

Undated National Geographic Society form letter invitation to join: annotated: "27 Nov 1929 Paid \$3.00."

20 Nov  
1929 Russell to Lieutenant Colonel H. N. Manney, Jr.: acknowledging request to be returned to Haiti; no vacancies anticipated in Garde or Brigade.

11 Nov  
1929 Lieutenant Colonel Manney to Russell: requesting assistance in obtaining reassignment to Haiti.

25 Nov  
1929 Russell to Montgomery Ward, Inc.: ordering catalog items.

26 Nov  
1929 Russell to C. Leviele, New York: paying for brushes, though not received.

26 Jun  
1929 Julius Fleischmann to Russell: reaffirming offer to donate purebred Guernsey bull calf to Haiti; planning to visit again on winter cruise.

27 Nov  
1929 H. L. Van Winckle, Secretary of Society of California Pioneers, to Russell: acknowledging order for 18K gold badge.

4 Nov  
1929 Russell to Van Winckle: forwarding \$5 for Pioneer Society badge

19 Jun  
1929 Van Winckle to Russell: form letter offering badges.

4 Dec  
1929 Russell to Copenhaver [Engravers], Washington, D.C.: ordering calendar pads.

9 Dec  
1929 W. W. Cumberland to Russell: best wishes in trying times.

5 Nov  
1929 Russell to Cumberland: only paper loss in market slide, expect recovery; anticipate Buell's book will be mass of misinformation; regarding Smedley Butler, "It seems incomprehensible that a sane person should make such remarks."

30 Oct  
1929 Cumberland to Russell: forwarding copy of remarks sent to R. L. Buell.

30 Oct  
1929 Cumberland to Buell: commenting on inaccuracies in manuscript on Haiti.

24 Oct  
1929 Cumberland to Russell: quoting extreme statements from speech by Smedley Butler 23 October.

24 Oct  
1929 Cumberland to Russell: enclosing quotes from Buell's manuscript.

23 Oct  
1929 Cumberland to Russell: reporting de la Rue's visit; market has had drastic decline.

10 Dec  
1929 Former Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg to Russell: thanks for 27 November letter; anticipate history will acknowledge Russell's accomplishments in Haiti.

27 Nov  
1929 Russell to Kellogg: congratulations on honorary degree to our "greatest Secretary of State."

11 Dec  
1929 Russell to Washington Loan & Trust: check and deposit slips.

18 Nov  
1929 — Same.

6 Nov  
1929 — Same.

Dec  
1929 Assorted Christmas greeting cablegrams.

5 Nov  
1929 Russell to Washington Loan & Trust: requesting deposit slips.

23 Dec  
1929 Russell to Bishop Carson: thanks for supportive letter.

23 Dec  
1929 Russell to Secretary of State: requesting Bishop Carson's letter be placed in military record.

19 Dec  
1929 The Right Reverend H. R. Carson, Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church of Haiti: commending handling of Cayes incident; two copies.

26 Dec  
1929 Telegram, William Pulliam to Russell: inquiring status of J. Daalder.

27 Dec  
1929 Telegram, Russell to Pulliam: Daalder is Honorary Consul General of Holland.

<b>Folder 15</b>	<b>Haitian Treaty with Dominican Republic</b>
5 Jun 1929	Haitian Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs to Russell: forwarding copy of treaty with Dominican Republic; signed by Camille J. Leon. With translation.
<b>Folder 16</b>	<b>The Forbes Commission</b>
4 Feb 1930	Message, Acting Secretary of State Cotton to Russell: quoting President Hoover's announcement to press that a commission be appointed to study withdrawal from Haiti prior to expiration of treaty in 1936.
13 Mar 1930	Smooth draft, American High Commissioner to Chairman of the President's Commission for the Study and Review of Conditions in the Republic of Haiti: 22-page refutation of testimony of 11 Haitian political figures who had presented complaints to the Commission.
16 Mar 1930	Message from Haitian [Forbes] Commission on board USS <i>Rochester</i> to Russell: appreciation for cooperation.
26 Mar 1930	<i>Report of the President's Commission for the Study and Review of Conditions in the Republic of Haiti</i> . Washington: U.S. Department of State, 1930.
<b>Folder 17</b>	<b>Scrapbook</b>
1930	Scrapbook purchased from Public Service Clipping Bureau, New York, containing 82 pages of clippings, 25 February to 17 March 1930, covering the Forbes Commission. Also included are six segments of Haitian newspapers, plus following correspondence:
21 Mar 1930	Russell to Charles H. Marshall: expressing thanks for rapport with Commission. [Marshall became Russell's son-in-law in 1932.]
26 Mar 1930	W. Cameron Forbes to Charles H. Marshall: commendation for the secretary of the Commission.
26 Mar 1930	Invitation to Charles H. Marshall from USS <i>Rochester</i> .
<b>Folder 18</b>	<b>Miscellany</b>
various	Six untranslated items of social invitations and complimentary notes on Russell's service.
various	Three untranslated items; speeches and correspondence.
Undated	Transcription, popular song, "The Land of the Haitien." One page.
Undated	Transcription, popular song, "Gelico." Translation by Mrs. Heinl. One page.
Undated	Sheet music, "Hymne du Centenaire . . . Paroles et Musique . . . de Mr. Louis Borno . . . Accompagnement de Mr. Justin Elie." Four pages.

- Undated Page 5 of a narrative about Jack and Yvonne trying to escape Haiti with a treasure chest.
- Undated Handbill. One-page advertisement for *Sea Sodoms* by Rev. G. L. "Golightly" Morrill, revealing "the unblushing shamelessness of the natives of the Caribbean."
- Undated Two folders labeled "Personal file of Col Russell," with list of former contents.
- Undated Carbon copy of cross reference concerning proclamation of 26 May 1921.
- Undated Three unidentified documents relating to Russell's tour of duty in Haiti.
- Undated Subject headings for newspaper files with attached unidentified photograph.
- Undated Mailing envelope, United States Naval Academy and letter of transmittal.

**Manuscript  
Box 3**

**Writing for Publication**

*Folder 1*

- ca.  
1905 Paper: "Recent Developments in Modern Tactics" by Captain John H. Russell, USMC. School of Application, Annapolis; Copy No. 11; three pages.

*Folder 2*

**Binder**

- 2 Feb  
1923 "Address by General Russell on Haiti," commercial record (Master Reporting Service): speech to investors in Haitian bonds; 18 pages.
- ca.  
1920 "Some Truths About Haiti," refutation, apparently by Russell, of H. J. Seligman's article "The Conquest of Haiti" in *The Nation*, 10 July 1920.
- 4 May  
1936 "History of the Fleet Marine Force": Russell's compilation of the correspondence which led to Navy Department General Order 241, 7 December 1933, "The Fleet Marine Force."
- ca.  
1936 Typescript, "The Birth of the FMF": Russell's description of the situation up to 1933; Quantico and San Diego brigade exercises in 1934; publication of *Landing Operations Manual*.
- ca.  
1946 Manuscript, draft of Russell's column for 7 April 1946.
- ca.  
1945 Manuscript, draft of Russell's column for 24 June 1945.
- ca.  
1946 Manuscript, draft of Russell's column for 9 June 1946.
- ca.  
1946 Manuscript, draft of Russell's column for 5 May 1946.
- 18 Jul  
1947 "The Best Way to Use Eyes at Night": pamphlet published by Science Service and apparently purchased for 10 cents at the Armored Force School Bookshop.

- Jan  
1923 "A Duck Hunt in Haiti," by J. Dryden Kuser, *Forest and Stream*, January 1923. [Kuser was Russell's son-in-law.]
- 16 May  
1934 Commander-in-Chief, U.S. Fleet letter A16-3 1917: congratulations upon conclusion of Fleet Problem XV; ". . . the Fleet Marine Force has earned a place in the U.S. Fleet on the same footing as the other forces into which the Fleet is organized."
- Folder 3**
- ca.  
1929 Typescript, "Port-au-Prince": Russell's 92-page draft, with penciled marginalia.
- Folder 4**
- ca.  
1934 Speech script, Russell's address to new Marine Corps Officers; 13 pages.
- Folder 5**
- ca.  
1935 Typescript, "Why We Went to Haiti" by Major General Commandant John H. Russell, as told to Captain Charles P. Williamson: expresses pride in our efforts, pessimistic outlook for stable democratic government; rough draft with penciled annotations; 19 pages..
- Folder 6**
- Five undated manuscripts by General Russell, probably drafted in the late 1930's (facsimile copies).
- "A Marine Looks Back on Haiti." 70 pages; two copies.  
 "A History of Haiti." 65 pages, plus four final pages obtained in July 1949 from Russell's daughter, Mrs. Charles H. Marshall; two copies.  
 "A Laboratory of Government." 39 pages; two copies.  
 "U.S. Navy at Haiti—1915." eight pages; two copies.  
 "Revolutions." four pages; two copies.
- Folder 7**
- Spiral-bound notebook containing General Russell's columns from the *San Diego Union*, April 1937-October 1938.
- 18 Apr  
1937 "Why U.S. Navy Must Be Kept Equal To Any."  
 25 Apr  
1937 "Navy's Defense Problems Are Fast Changing."  
 2 May  
1937 "Navy Travels On Stomach; Supply Vessels Important."  
 9 May  
1937 "Strategic Bases Held As Vital As Ships."  
 16 May  
1937 "Marine Corps Praised As Fighting Ships' Aid."  
 23 May  
1937 "Navy's Peacetime Duties Take Fleet To Far Waters."

30 May  
1937 "What the Day Means to Americans." (Decoration Day)

6 Jun  
1937 "Rebuilding of Merchat [sic] Marine One of Outstanding Problems Of U.S."

13 Jun  
1937 "New Battleship Types Are Evolving; Main Battery May Be Amidships."

20 Jun  
1937 "Britain's Larger Asia Fleet Means New Base Is Ready."

27 Jun  
1937 "Drydocks for South Coast Urged by Maj Gen. Russell."

4 Jul  
1937 "Navy Studying Efficacy of Planes on Battleships."

13 Jul  
1937 "Little Chance for Amelia to Make Land if Down At Sea."

18 Jul  
1937 "Plane Carrier Vulnerable but Powerful on Offensive."

25 Jul  
1937 "U.S. Not Lagging in Navy Building; Fleets Compared."

1 Aug  
1937 "Naval Officials Divided Over Use of Dirigibles."

8 Aug  
1937 "Northern China Fulfills Japan's Colonizing Needs."

15 Aug  
1937 "Small Manchoukuo Navy Foreseen as Aid to Japan."

22 Aug  
1937 "Marines' Need for Transports Disclosed by China Emergency."

29 Aug  
1937 "Patriotism Said China's Chief Need; Japan Well Prepared for Campaign."

5 Sep  
1937 "Danger to United States Is Pointed in Canceling Naval Equity Policy."

12 Sep  
1937 "Japan Fast Gaining Power to Shut 'Open Door' on Other Nations."

19 Sep  
1937 "Mediterranean Control Is Italy's Aim; 'Piracy' Patrol Seen as Set-Back."

26 Sep  
1937 "Anglo-Italian Relationships Again Tense as Foreign Warships Patrol Italy."

3 Oct  
1937 "Nations See Fast Motorboat Fleet as New Element in Naval Power."

10 Oct  
1937 "Events Forcing U.S. to Increase Warship Tonnage" (accompanied by Associated Press Story).

ca.  
1937 "Great Powers Building 25 Capital Ships."

17 Oct  
1937 "Psychological Hour Spurs Japanese to 'Sacred Duty.'"

24 Oct  
1937 "Naval Equality Essential for Security, Says Russell."

31 Oct  
1937 "U.S. Must Spend Money to Gird for Peace Fight."

7 Nov  
1937 "Anti-Aircraft Ships Seen New in Navy Defense."

14 Nov 1937 "Larger U.S. Naval Reserve Urged to Prepare for War."  
 21 Nov 1937 "Navy Must Be Maintained on War Basis, Says Russell."  
 28 Nov 1937 "Russell Sees Orient Peace by Chinese New Year's Day."  
 5 Dec 1937 "Bureau System Favored for U.S. Naval Set-Up."  
 12 Dec 1937 "Stronger Japan Predicted After Conquest of China."  
 19 Dec 1937 "Arming of Merchant Ships Poses International Riddle."  
 26 Dec 1937 "Japanese Move Toward Canton; Britain Affected."  
 2 Jan 1938 "Sinking of Panay To Cost Japan Loss of Supremacy."  
 9 Jan 1938 "Speedy Tankers' Need of Navies in Distant Waters."  
 16 Jan 1938 "Netherlands Fears Japanese Attack on East Indies." [Incomplete].  
 23 Jan 1938 "Gen Russell Sees Singapore Cruise of Three U.S. Warships as Historic Move."  
 30 Jan 1938 "Days of Honorable Declaration of War Are Gone, Says General."  
 6 Feb 1938 [San Diego Union editorial] "On Naval Defense."  
 6 Feb 1938 "Complete Naval Program Before Making Any More Treaties, General Urges Congress."  
 13 Feb 1938 "U.S. Must Play Winning Game—Build Navy Second to None, General Russell Declares."  
 20 Feb 1938 "Battleships Vulnerable, But Necessary."  
 27 Feb 1938 "Nation's 'Defense' Must Protect Its Citizens Abroad, Says Russell."  
 6 Mar 1938 "'Most Probable Enemy' Spurs Navy Building."  
 13 Mar 1938 "Coast Drydocks Needed to Care for New Ships."  
 20 Mar 1938 "Japan Faces Momentous Decision."  
 27 Mar 1938 "Foreign Powers Outstrip U.S. in Naval Race."  
 3 Apr 1938 "Coast Cities Must Be Armed for Air Raids, Says Russell."  
 10 Apr 1938 "Destroyer Built Larger, May Soon Become Cruiser."  
 17 Apr 1938 "Probability Slight for Race in Mammoth Battleships."

24 Apr  
1938 "General Russell Says: Italy, Great Britain Both Obtain Concessions in Recent Agreement."

1 May  
1938 "Defense: Fortified Guam Important, Says General Russell."

8 May  
1938 "Defense Against Air Raids Needs Unison of Factors." [Incomplete].

15 May  
1938 "Czechoslovakia Seems Doomed; Germany Expected to Gain Objective, Says General Russell."

22 May  
1938 "Naval Annual Ranks U.S. Higher than Britain's; New Tactics Detailed."

29 May  
1938 "China's Forces Seem Doomed as Japanese Armies Move."

5 Jun  
1938 "Naval Powers' Opinions Differ on Cruiser Size, Armament."

12 Jun  
1938 "General Russell Tells Why Fleet Drill Grounds Changed."

19 Jun  
1938 "Providence Blocks War."

26 Jun  
1938 "World Peace Dependent on Oil Supply."

3 Jul  
1938 "Germany, Italy Bluffing, But Fight if Cornered, in Opinion of General Russell."

10 Jul  
1938 "Lone Wolf Most Dangerous Spy, Says General Russell."

17 Jul  
1938 "Air Flagship May Carry Admiral in Next Sea Battle, Says Russell."

24 Jul  
1938 "International Law Revision Needed for Navy Airplanes."

31 Jul  
1938 "Aid to Chiang Kai-shek Seen as Russia Takes Firmer Stand Against Japanese Demands."

7 Aug  
1938 "Russell Sees Danger in 'Battleship Poker'"

14 Aug  
1938 "Far Eastern Spotlight Is Moved to Changkufeng, But No 'Real' War Foreseen By Gen Russell."

21 Aug  
1938 "Germany Develops Basque Area; Threat to France Seen in Move."

28 Aug  
1938 "More Drydocks Needed by Navy."

4 Sep  
1938 "Must Protect 'Life Lines.'"

11 Sep  
1938 "Grand Fleets On Way Out."

17 Sep  
1938 "Rome-Berlin Axis Shaky, Says Russell."

18 Sep  
1938 "Spanish Loyalists Due to Fall Soon, Says General Russell."

28 Sep  
1938 "Nation's Alignment Like 1914; Strategical Problems Are Different."

- 2 Oct  
1938 "Roman Sea Power Rises Again; Air Base at Cueta Is Threat Against Gibraltar."  
9 Oct  
1938 "Duce In Game? Didn't Mobilize" [Incomplete] [Accompanied by Associated Press sidebar comparing national forces and newspaper map of Europe.]  
16 Oct  
1938 "Spread of Dictatorship Over Europe Seen as British, French Attitudes Change."

**Folder 8**

**General Russell's San Diego Union columns: January-June 1940**

- 28 Jan  
1940 "War Clouds Over Black Sea Presage Russ-Turk Tangle."  
24 Mar  
1940 "Week of Peace Spurs War; More Air Activity Foreseen."  
30 Mar  
1940 "Life of Britain Depends on Struggle in Atlantic."  
31 Mar  
1940 "Hitler Does Own Encircling to Extend German Empire."  
7 Apr  
1940 "Allies Intensifying Economic Warfare Against Germany."  
14 Apr  
1940 "German, British Air Forces Face Genuine Test of Power."  
21 Apr  
1940 "Hitler's Success in Norway Seen as Incentive to Duce."  
28 Apr  
1940 "War Misinformation Sifted; Next Hitler Coup in Sweden."  
19 May  
1940 "Invasion of Britain 'Unlikely' Despite German Advantage."  
26 May  
1940 "Allied Leaders Awakened to Need of Offensive Policy."  
9 Jun  
1940 "Loss of Arms in Flanders Trap Delays British Aid."  
16 Jun  
1940 "U.S. Aid May Turn War Tide, If Britain Faces Lone Stand."  
23 Jun  
1940 "Nazi Plans Against Britain Weighed; Russia Still A Factor."  
30 Jun  
1940 "Attack, Defense Aims Cited as Battle of Britain Nears."

**Folder 9**

**General Russell's San Diego Union columns: July-December 1940**

- 7 Jul  
1940 "Tradition Steels British Arm; Nazi Softening Task Hard One."  
14 Jul  
1940 "Britain Holds Hitler at Bay as French Liberty A Memory."  
21 Jul  
1940 "Destruction Threat Result of Hitler's Frustration."  
11 Aug  
1940 "Weather May Change Map as Britain Balks Invasion."  
18 Aug  
1940 "British Ability in Night Raids Seen Vital in War Balance."

25 Aug  
1940 "Near East May Be Aflame When Winter Plans Mature."  
1 Sep  
1940 "Britain Is Growing Stronger Daily, Says Gen Russell."  
8 Sep  
1940 "'Swap Aids U.S., Britain' as Jap Aggression Hindered." [Incomplete]  
15 Sep  
1940 "Nazis, Aiming at Sea Mastery Still Must Conquer in Air."  
22 Sep  
1940 "Storms Aid Britain as Nazis Lose First Phase of Battle."  
29 Sep  
1940 "Axis Widens to Sever Empire; Hitler Uses Japan as Wedge."  
6 Oct  
1940 "Japan Pact Seen as Result of Nazis' Invasion Failure."  
3 Nov  
1940 "Planes Seen Deciding Factor in Mediterranean Conflict."  
10 Nov  
1940 "Gibraltar Grab Is Nazi Goal; Spain Bases Seen Available."  
17 Nov  
1940 "Hitler Looks For Russ Aid as Winter Bogs Campaign."  
24 Nov  
1940 "Greece Faces Nazi Invasion; Stalin Delays Real Decision."  
1 Dec  
1940 "Britain 'Not Gravely Hurt;' Axis Strength Seen Waning."  
8 Dec  
1940 "Britain Bears Down on Italy But Perils Own Life Line."  
29 Dec  
1940 "Britain Balks Italian Navy While Facing Home Blockade."

**Folder 10**

**General Russell's San Diego Union columns: January-June 1941**

26 Jan  
1941 "Behind Scene Developments in War Significant for U.S."  
16 Feb  
1941 "Quick Nazi War Move Seen to Rescue Italian Partners."  
23 Feb  
1941 "Nazi Subs, Planes Increased as Invasion Attempt Near."  
2 Mar  
1941 "Sea Campaign Seen as Final Deciding Factor of Victory."  
30 Mar  
1941 "Effective Aid to Britain May Bring U.S. into War."  
6 Apr  
1941 "Nazi Naval Theory, Periling British Lifeline, Dooms Japan."  
20 Apr  
1941 "Japan's 'Peaceful' Attitude Seen Inspired by Hitler."  
27 Apr  
1941 "British Mediterranean Fleet Still Tough Nut to Crack."  
4 May  
1941 "Loss of Mediterranean May Strengthen England."  
18 May  
1941 "Hess Hop Not Hottest News of War, Says Commentator."

25 May 1941	"Germany's Assault on Crete 'Result Of Careful Planning.'"
1 Jun 1941	"Portuguese Island Offers British Real Opportunity."
15 Jun 1941	"Inglewood Strike Victory Offered Defense Plan Hopes."
22 Jun 1941	"Hitler's Next Move Awaited; Major Offensive Expected."
29 Jun 1941	"Hitler, Stalin Learn Errors in Pact; Britain to Benefit."
<b>Folder 11</b>	<b>General Russell's San Diego Union columns: July-December 1941</b>
6 Jul 1941	"War's Turn Aids Baltic States as Collapse Threatens Russia."
13 Jul 1941	"Commercial Ships Gather in Home Port for Attack."
20 Jul 1941	"Russia Provides 'Incident' to Justify War Declaration."
27 Jul 1941	"'Forest Fire of War' Perils Additional Nations Daily."
3 Aug 1941	"'Smoke Screen' Fails to Hide Information on War's Trend."
10 Aug 1941	"Russia Feels Nazi Onslaught Despite British Feint to Aid."
17 Aug 1941	"Japan's Asiatic Conquest Called Menace to America."
24 Aug 1941	"U.S. Showdown with Japan Expected Over Aid To Russia."
31 Aug 1941	"Occupation of Iran Seen as Justified by Necessity."
7 Sep 1941	"Britain Can Take Offensive in East, But Not in Europe."
14 Sep 1941	"Winter Expected to Halt Hitler's Campaign in North."
21 Sep 1941	"German Air Power to Test Soviet Fleet in Black Sea."
28 Sep 1941	"Time for U.S. to Wake Up. to War Facts, Says General."
5 Oct 1941	"Churchill Statement Recalls Chance to Conquer Britain."
12 Oct 1941	"Chance for America to Hit Japan Seen by Observer."
19 Oct 1941	"U.S. Must Run in High Gear, Says Gen. Russell."
26 Oct 1941	"Russian Stand at Moscow May Decide World Puzzles."
2 Nov 1941	"Opportunity Knocks For U.S. to Upset Axis in Pacific."
9 Nov 1941	"Japan Stalling Desperately Pending Red-Nazi Decision."

16 Nov 1941 "Impasse in Far East as War Depends On Tokyo Actions."  
 23 Nov 1941 "'Gross Stupidity' of Strikers Seen Periling U.S. in Crisis."  
 30 Nov 1941 "Japan Waits for Nazi Score But Russians Take Ball."  
 7 Dec 1941 "Japan Air Service Extension to Timor New Pacific Threat."  
 14 Dec 1941 "U.S. Fleet Seen as Still Superior to Japan's Forces."  
 21 Dec 1941 "Singapore Goal of Japanese as War In East Develops."  
 28 Dec 1941 "Air Carriers Seen as Possible Nucleus of Future Fleets."

Manuscript  
 Box 4

*Folder 12* General Russell's San Diego Union columns: January-June 1942

25 Jan 1942 "Allies Will Strike Final Blow at Axis on Continent."  
 1 Feb 1942 "Tokyo Moves for Domination of Major Far East Bases."  
 15 Feb 1942 "Expert Surprised at Speed of Jap Success in Singapore."  
 22 Feb 1942 "Air Control in Pacific Needed to Turn Tide Against Japs."  
 1 Mar 1942 "Dutch Indies, Philippines Gaining Time for Allies."  
 8 Mar 1942 "Japs Face Difficult Problem in Protecting Broad Front."  
 15 Mar 1942 "Japan's Fleet Vulnerable, Military Expert Reasons."  
 22 Mar 1942 "American Troops in Australia Offer Serious Threat to Japs."  
 5 Apr 1942 "Critical War Period Seen though Few Realize It."  
 12 Apr 1942 "Need for Oil May Send Hitler Spring Drive South."  
 19 Apr 1942 "Plane Carrier's Day Here; Great Help to Fleet."  
 25 Apr 1942 "Writer Lists Ramifications of U.S. Fighting War in Southwest Pacific."  
 26 Apr 1942 "Red-Nazi Campaign of 1942 To Be Settled in Far North."  
 3 May 1942 "Balloon Empire of Japanese Seen as Easily Punctured."  
 10 May 1942 "Fight Now On in Earnest for Lines of Communication."  
 17 May 1942 "Nipponese Move to North Lets U.S. Gain Strength."

- 24 May 1942 "Fight for Russia's Oil Depends on Nazi Planes."  
 31 May 1942 "Shipbuilding Speed-Up to Curb U-Boat Activities."  
 7 Jun 1942 "Midway, Dutch Harbor Raids May Presage Major Attack."  
 14 Jun 1942 "Battle of Midway Marks New Era in Navy Warfare."
- Folder 13**      **General Russell's San Diego Union columns: July-December 1942**
- 12 Jul 1942 "Better to Have Saved Tobruk than Hit Bremen? British Ask."  
 19 Jul 1942 "Nazis Seeking to Destroy Russia by Strangulation."  
 2 Aug 1942 "Nazi Drive On in Russia with 11 Fresh Divisions."  
 9 Aug 1942 "Stragging Blow by Germans Can Be Expected Momentarily."  
 16 Aug 1942 "Solomon Islands Actions Set Pace for U.S. Attacks."  
 23 Aug 1942 "Red Counter-Attacks Show Nazis Far from 1942 Goal."  
 30 Aug 1942 "Success of Stalingrad Drive Held Vital to German Plan."  
 13 Sep 1942 "Stalingrad Siege Stands Out as Pivotal Point in War."  
 27 Sep 1942 "Stand at Stalingrad Saves Red Forces for Spring Blitz."  
 18 Oct 1942 "Critic Takes Hopeful View of South Pacific Struggle." [Note: Foul copy notes included with this column].  
 25 Oct 1942 "Battle For Solomon Islands Held Struggle for Oil, Destiny of Japanese Empire."  
 1 Nov 1942 "Up to U.S. Navy Now to Win Solomons Battle from Japs."  
 6 Dec 1942 "Crucial 1943 to Provide Challenge on Home Front."  
 20 Dec 1942 "Ways Considered to Strike Japanese Base at Truk, Stronghold for Foe's Fleet."  
 27 Dec 1942 "Japs to Strike at Russia; Germans to Hit Turkey; New U.S. Carriers To Be Felt."
- Folder 14**      **General Russell's San Diego Union columns: January-June 1943**
- 3 Jan 1943 "Rainbows of Early War Ending Don't Lead to Victory Over Axis General Wars."  
 17 Jan 1943 "Failure to Value Fleet Air Power Right Starts Japan's Gamble Toward Collapse."  
 24 Jan 1943 "Credit Given Russia for Big Change in War But Allies Still Face Much Hard Fighting."

- 31 Jan  
1943 "Direct Attack on Japan to Lure Fleet Out Favored by Critic Reviewing War Plans."
- 7 Feb  
1943 "Long, Hard Fight Looms in War of Pacific, Declares Gen. Russell; Must Crush Jap Navy."
- 14 Feb  
1943 "Great Russian Drive Kept Going So Fast Allies May Not Be Able To Keep Pace."
- 18 Apr  
1943 "MacArthur Warning of Foe's Plan to Gain Air Control Viewed as 'Most Disquieting.'"
- 2 May  
1943 "Allied Outlook in 1943 Hinges on Ability of Russia, China to Stave Off Axis Armies."
- 9 May  
1943 "Plenty of Action in Pacific Area Predicted as Crisis Grows Near in China's Struggle."
- 16 May  
1943 "Sweeping Axis from Mediterranean Considered Next Likely Step for Allies."
- 23 May  
1943 "Cannot Stand Delays in Nation's War Work, Says Gen. Russell, Surveying Situation."
- 30 May  
1943 "Invasion of Spain by Axis Held Unlikely by Analyst."
- 27 Jun  
1943 "Direct Move Across Ocean to Strike Japan Made More Likely by Fleet's Growth."
- Folder 15**      **General Russell's San Diego Union columns: July-December 1943**
- 11 Jul  
1943 "Surprise Blow by Nazi Armies Held Likely; Jap Fleet Awaits U.S. Attack on Mainland."
- 18 Jul  
1943 "Axis Weakness [sic] Signs Seen as Allies Strike in Sicily, Aim Blow at Northern Italy."
- 25 Jul  
1943 "Carriers Able Soon to Force Out Jap Fleet, Giving U.S. Planes A Chance to Rip It Up."
- 1 Aug  
1943 "Joining Allies to Bring Peace by Ousting Germans Held Only Solution for 'Occupied' Italy."
- 22 Aug  
1943 "Craven Desertion of Italy Overshadows Masterly Withdrawal of German Forces."
- 29 Aug  
1943 "Direct Attack on Japan Favored by Expert, Viewing Possible Steps Taken at Quebec."
- 5 Sep  
1943 "More Nazi Troops Diverted to Police Work as Allied Gains Spur Revolts in Europe."
- 12 Sep  
1943 "Allied Campaign to Free Greece Predicted as Invasion of Italy Gives Position to Aid."

- 19 Sep  
1943 "Allies May Soon Have Finished Italy Task; Early Liberation of Greece Held Likely."
- 26 Sep  
1943 "Allies Preparing to Start Two Campaigns Against Japs; Mountbatten, M'Arthur Set."
- 3 Oct  
1943 "Nazis Evidently Plan Fight for Satellites While Trying to Spread Tricky Propaganda."
- 10 Oct  
1943 "Hard Naval Blow at Japan Seen as Likely While Allied Armies Hammer Foe in South."
- 24 Oct  
1943 "Balkans Seen as Weak Point in Nazi Armor as Allied Squeeze on Satellites Develops."
- 31 Oct  
1943 "Predicament of German Forces in Russia, Silence on Burma Drive Outstanding Puzzles."
- 21 Nov  
1943 "Great Drive Against Japan About to Start; Gilbert, Marshall Raids May Be First Stop."
- 28 Nov  
1943 "Allies May Bypass Truk, Force Jap Fleet to Fight by Cutting Tokyo-Guam Lifeline."
- 5 Dec  
1943 "Time Vital in Keeping New Pacific Drive Rolling; Jaluit, Mili Possible Objectives."
- 12 Dec  
1943 "Attack on Japan's Homeland Held Likely as Way to Bring Nippon Fleet into Open."
- 19 Dec  
1943 "Noose Tightening Slowly but Surely on Axis, But Many Hard Struggles Seem Likely."
- 26 Dec  
1943 "Growing U.S. Naval Power Held Enough to Aim at Jap Homeland, Draw Out Fleet."
- Folder 16**      **General Russell's San Diego Union columns: January-June 1944**
- 2 Jan  
1944 "Much Time Needed for Preparing Attacks, Says Gen Russell, Viewing War Problems."
- 16 Jan  
1944 "Length of War Likely to be Indicated Soon; U.S. Must Prepare For Protracted Struggle."
- 23 Jan  
1944 "Early West Europe Invasion Held Unlikely Due to Many Training, Supply Problems."
- 30 Jan  
1944 "Faster Tempo of Pacific War Seen as Likely; Two Schools of Thought Differ as to Plans."

13 Feb  
1944 "Direct Route to Japan Advanced as Best; Might Lead to Her Complete Collapse."

20 Feb  
1944 "Bombing of Benedictine Monastery Eases Pressure on Cassino; Advances Expected."

2 Apr  
1944 "Expert Doubts China Best Springboard for Allied Air, Land Attacks on Japan."

9 Apr  
1944 "Carrier-Borne Planes May Force Jap Fleet from Hiding by Attack Near Sacred Isles."

16 Apr  
1944 "Russian Attempt to March to Berlin Now Weighed Against Logical Wait for Allies."

23 Apr  
1944 "Direct Sea-Air Blow at Japanese Homeland Logical Strategy; Enemy Defenses Weak."

30 Apr  
1944 "German Strength Remains as Great Question as Allies Prepare for Three-Sided Attack."

7 May  
1944 "Allies May Delay Invasion to Crush Morale; Direct Attack Favored to Relieve China."

14 May  
1944 "Possibility that Japan Will Quit First Seen as Developments Alter Early War Ideas."

11 Jun  
1944 "Allies Solid Successes Speak Volumes for American Leaders."

**Folder 17**      **General Russell's San Diego Union columns: July-December 1944**

20 Aug  
1944 "Blows at Heart of Japan Viewed as Proper Strategy for Victory."

27 Aug  
1944 "Allies Rapidly Approach German Inner Lines in Sharp Offensive."

17 Sep  
1944 "Rapid Progress on Western Front Prelude to Artillery, Air Drive."

24 Sep  
1944 "Allies Forge Ahead in Europe, Make Good Score Against Japs."

1 Oct  
1944 "Japs Try Hard to Strengthen Their Inner Defense Systems as Allies Close In."

8 Oct  
1944 "Allies Temporarily Slowed Down on Western Front; Much Hard Fighting Ahead in Pacific."

15 Oct  
1944 "Air Attacks on Formosa Prelude to Drive Against Jap Positions in Southern China."

29 Oct  
1944 "Naval Leaders' Skill Demonstrated Again in Pacific Victories."

19 Nov  
1944 "Fight Against Time Well Started along All European Battle Fronts."

26 Nov  
1944 "Allied Try for Quick Decision on Western Front Gathers Speed."  
3 Dec  
1944 "Germany's Defenses Softened."  
10 Dec  
1944 "Simultaneous Efforts by Allies Necessary to Defeat Germans."  
24 Dec  
1944 "All America Waits Results of Furious West-Front Battles."

**Folder 18**                    **General Russell's San Diego Union columns: January-June 1945**

7 Jan  
1945 "Nazi Lines Pounded by Allies,"  
28 Jan  
1945 "Germany Squeezed by Allies."  
4 Feb  
1945 "Russians' Big Drive Unchecked."  
11 Feb  
1945 "U.S. Navy Victories Paying Off."  
4 Mar  
1945 "Successes Continue for Allies."  
11 Mar  
1945 "Germany Hard Hit at Rhine."  
18 Mar  
1945 "Japan's Homeland Periled."  
25 Mar  
1945 "All-Front Victories Reported."  
1 Apr  
1945 "Germany's Resistance Weakens."  
22 Apr  
1945 "European War Goals In Sight."  
29 Apr  
1945 "U.S. Faces Hard Task in Pacific."  
20 May  
1945 "Net Closes Near Jap Homeland."  
27 May  
1945 "Terrific U.S. Power Spells Sure Defeat For Hemmed-In Japs."  
10 Jun  
1945 "Intensity of Fighting Grows as U.S. Forces Near Jap Homeland."  
17 Jun  
1945 "Japs Face Squeeze in Final Push."  
24 Jun  
1945 "Japs Take Terrific Beatings."

**Folder 19**                    **General Russell's San Diego Union columns: July-December 1945**

1 Jul  
1945 "Allies Drawing Noose Around Jap Homeland by Bombing, Blockade."  
8 Jul  
1945 "Direct Jab at Japan Foreseen."  
5 Aug  
1945 "Japanese Face Hard Question."

7 Aug 1945	"Victory At Guadalcanal Pictured as Outstanding in Naval History."
12 Aug 1945	"'Atomizer' Hastens War's End."
19 Aug 1945	"MacArthur Faces Big Problems."
26 Aug 1945	"Japanese Set for Surrender."
2 Sep 1945	"Surrender End Japs' Aggression."
9 Sep 1945	"MacArthur to Tame Japanese."
30 Sep 1945	"Objectives in Japan Clarified."
11 Nov 1945	"Military Merger Discussed."
2 Dec 1945	"Military Efficiency Necessary."
9 Dec 1945	"Submarine Becomes Flagship."
16 Dec 1945	"Russians' Espionage Deplored."
23 Dec 1945	"Situation In China Clearing."
30 Dec 1945	"Marshall Faces Hard Problems."

**Folder 20**

**General Russell's San Diego Union columns: January-June 1946**

3 Feb 1946	"National Security Paramount."
24 Mar 1946	"Russians Gambling to Expand"; two copies.
14 Apr 1946	"World Has Plenty of Troubles."
21 Apr 1946	"Merger of Forces Opposed"; two copies.
28 Apr 1946	"U.S. Naval Readiness Advocated."
12 May 1946	"New War Strategy Discussed."
19 May 1946	"Land-Sea Operations Win Praise."
2 Jun 1946	"Security Rests On Discipline."
9 Jun 1946	"Readiness Viewed as Paramount."
16 Jun 1946	"Navy Plan Favored in Merger."

Folder 21

General Russell's San Diego Union columns: July-December 1946

7 Jul  
1946 "Sea Power Retains Supremacy."  
14 Jul  
1946 "Russians Re-Making Europe."  
21 Jul  
1946 "Undersea Atom Test Arranged."  
28 Jul  
1946 "Harmony Needed in Services."  
4 Aug  
1946 "Marines' Ambush Untimely."  
11 Aug  
1946 "Russian Delegate Stubborn."  
18 Aug  
1946 "European Interests Conflict."  
25 Aug  
1946 "Sea Power Credited with Playing Major Role in Pacific War."  
1 Sep  
1946 "Trouble Fomented by Trade."  
8 Sep  
1946 "Politics of World Frenzied."  
15 Sep  
1946 "Russians Grabbing at Empire."  
22 Sep  
1946 "Strength Salvation for U.S."  
29 Sep  
1946 "Stalin's Responses Evasive"; two copies.  
6 Oct  
1946 "U.S. Navy Guardian of Peace."  
8 Oct  
1946 (Same column as above, published in the Elgin, Illinois *Daily Courier-News* under headline: "U.S. Navy Now Engaged in Preservation of Peace; Without It There Might Be World Chaos.")  
13 Oct  
1946 "Military Merger Opposed"; two copies.  
2 Oct  
1946 "Reds Aim at World Commerce"; two copies.  
27 Oct  
1946 "Political Turmoil in Offing"; two copies.  
2 Nov  
1946 "Maritime Strike Hits Sea Power"; two copies.  
10 Nov  
1946 "Isolation of Russia Censured"; two copies.  
17 Nov  
1946 "Disarming Viewed as Untimely"; two copies.  
24 Nov  
1946 "Situation in Greece Disturbing"; two copies.  
1 Dec  
1946 "Fighting Strength Essential"; two copies.  
8 Dec  
1946 "Retention of Arms Advocated"; two copies.

15 Dec 1946	"Pathway to Peace Perilous"; two copies.
22 Dec 1946	"Disarming Measure Untimely"; two copies.
29 Dec 1946	"High School Age Training Urged for Preparedness"; two copies.
<b>Folder 22</b>	<b>General Russell's San Diego Union columns: January-March 1947 and miscellany</b>
5 Jan 1947	"Russians' Good Faith in Doubt"; two copies.
12 Jan 1947	"National Security Stressed."
19 Jan 1947	"Merging of Forces Discussed"; two copies.
26 Jan 1947	"Merging Viewed as Perilous"; two copies.
2 Feb 1947	"U.S. Fighting Force Increase Urged until World Peace Assured"; two copies.
9 Feb 1947	"Situation in China Perilous."
16 Feb 1947	"Increase of Arms Advocated"; two copies.
23 Feb 1947	"Plain Talk to Russia Promised"; two copies.
2 Mar 1947	"U.S. Arms Decline Deplored."
9 Mar 1947	"Destiny of World at Stake" [published posthumously].
ca. Fall 1945	"National Defense Discussed."
ca. Spring 1946	"Alertness Big Factor in Peace."
ca. Summer 1946	"King Tells How Navy Beat Japs."
ca. Fall 1946	"Atombomb's Safeguard Unavailing."
ca. 1941-46	Undated fragment of newspaper clippings.
<b>Folder 23</b>	<b>Miscellany</b>
ca. 1949	Correspondence relating to original donation of Russell manuscripts.
<b>Oversize Box 1</b>	<b>Personal Documents</b>
6 Mar 1885	Diploma of Membership: Commodore John H. Russell, U.S. Navy; Compan-

ion of the First Class of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States; signed by Wm. T. Hancock, Commander-in-Chief.

3 Jun  
1892 Certificate of Completion: Naval Cadet John H. Russell, Jr.; completion of prescribed course of academic study at U.S. Naval Academy.

30 Jun  
1894 Certificate of Graduation: Naval Cadet John H. Russell, Jr.; completion of training at U.S. Naval Academy.

18 Jul  
1894 Commission: John H. Russell, Jr. appointed Second Lieutenant in the Marine Corps; signed by President Grover Cleveland.

14 Nov  
1898 Commission: John H. Russell, Jr. appointed First Lieutenant in the Marine Corps; signed by President William McKinley.

28 Mar  
1899 Commission: John H. Russell, Jr. appointed Captain in the Marine Corps; signed by President William McKinley.

6 Jul  
1906 Commission: John H. Russell, Jr. appointed Major in the Marine Corps; signed by President Theodore Roosevelt.

3 Oct  
1917 Commission: John H. Russell, Jr. appointed Colonel in the Marine Corps; subject to examination as required by law; signed by President Woodrow Wilson.

2 May  
1918 Commission: John H. Russell, Jr. appointed Colonel in the Marine Corps; signed by President Woodrow Wilson.

20 Jan  
1922 Commission: John H. Russell, Jr. appointed Brigadier General in the Marine Corps; signed by President Warren H. Harding.

13 Sep  
1933 Commission: John H. Russell, Jr. appointed Major General (Temporary) in the Marine Corps; signed by H. L. Roosevelt, Acting Secretary of the Navy.

9 Feb  
1934 Commission: John H. Russell, Jr. appointed Major General (Temporary) in the Marine Corps; signed by H. L. Roosevelt, Acting Secretary of the Navy, with letter of transmittal.

17 Sep  
1934 Commission: John H. Russell, Jr. appointed Major General in the Marine Corps; signed by Claude A. Swanson, Secretary of the Navy.

7 Mar  
1935 Commission: John H. Russell, Jr. appointed Major General in the Marine Corps; signed by Claude A. Swanson, Secretary of the Navy.

21 Jan  
1929 Treaty fixing border between Haiti and the Dominican Republic (untranslated French).



# Appendix I

## CHRONOLOGY

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1872	14 Nov	Born: Mare Island, California.
1888	18 May	Entered U.S. Naval Academy.
1892	3 Jun	Completed Naval Academy academic program; commenced two-year naval cadet cruise in USS <i>New York</i> .
1894	30 Jun	Graduated from Naval Academy.
	1 Jul	Commissioned second lieutenant, U.S. Marine Corps. Assigned to School of Application, Marine Barracks, Washington.
1895	14 May	Graduated from School of Application. Remained at Marine Barracks, Washington, to teach noncommissioned officer class.
1896	1 Jun	Assigned to USS <i>Massachusetts</i> , in North Atlantic Squadron.
1898	10 Oct	Assigned to Marine Barracks, Washington, with brief tours at Philadelphia, Norfolk, and Washington Navy Yards.
	14 Nov	Promoted to first lieutenant.
1899		Embarked in USS <i>Yosemite</i> to form provisional battalion.
	28 Mar	Promoted to captain.
	7 Aug	Arrived in <i>Yosemite</i> at Guam, to establish garrison.
	1 Dec	Departed Guam, en route Washington via Philippines, Japan.
1900		Assigned as Officer-in-Charge, School of Application, Marine Barracks, Washington.
1901	12 Jun	Married Mabel Howard.
1902		Assigned to Naval Station, Mare Island, California.
	Sep	Assigned to USS <i>Oregon</i> until March 1904.
1904	20 May	Assigned as Officer-in-Charge, School of Application, Marine Barracks, Annapolis.
1906	6 Jun	Promoted to major.
	23 Aug	Assigned to command Marine Barracks, Naval Station, Hawaii.
1907	13 Jul	Assigned as Commander, Marine Detachment, Camp Elliott, Isthmian Canal Zone, Panama.
1908	26 Jul	Departed Panama for treatment at Naval Hospital, New York.
	26 Sep	Assigned to staff, U.S. Naval War College.
1910	4 Nov	Assigned to command American Legation Guard, Peking, China.
1913	22 Jul	Assigned to Office of Naval Intelligence, Washington.
1914		Detached to Philadelphia to organize and command battalion for service in Mexico.
	13 Apr	Landed with 2d Battalion, 3d Regiment, at Vera Cruz, Mexico.
	21 Sep	Took interim command of 3d Regiment.
	15 Oct	Resumed battalion command.
	5 Dec	Marine withdrawal from Mexico; Major Russell returned to normal duty with Office of Naval Intelligence.
1916	29 Aug	Promoted to lieutenant colonel.
1917	21 Mar	Commanded 3d Provisional Regiment at Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic until 8 April 1917.
	5 May	Commanded 4th Regiment at Santiago de los Caballeros, Dominican Republic until 2 November 1917.

	3 Oct	Promoted to colonel.
	3 Nov	Commanded 1st Provisional Marine Brigade in Haiti until 1 December 1918.
1919	Jan	Assigned to Planning Section, Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps.
	1 Oct	Commanded 1st Marine Brigade in Haiti until ca. 15 March 1922.
1920	15 Jan	Awarded Haitian <i>Medaille Militaire</i> by President Dartiguenave.
	1 Nov	Awarded Navy Cross for distinguished service with 1st Provisional Brigade in Haiti.
1922	20 Jan	Promoted to brigadier general.
	11 Feb	Appointed American High Commissioner to Haiti and Ambassador Extraordinary by President Harding, serving until 12 November 1930.
1930	17 Dec	Awarded Navy Distinguished Service Medal for service as American High Commissioner to Haiti.
	23 Dec	Assigned to command Marine Corps Base, San Diego, California.
1931	1 Dec	Commanded Marine Corps Base, Quantico, Virginia, until 29 January 1933.
1933	1 Feb	Assigned to Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps as Assistant to the Major General Commandant.
	16 Sep	Promoted to major general.
1934	20 Feb	Nominated by President Roosevelt to become Commandant.
	1 Mar	Appointed Major General Commandant upon retirement of Major General Fuller.
	1 Dec	Retired from active duty having reached compulsory age of 64.
1937	8 Apr	Engaged as military analyst by Copley newspaper syndicate.
1947	6 Mar	Died of heart attack in Coronado Hospital, California.
	17 Mar	Interred at Arlington National Cemetery.

# Appendix II

## DECORATIONS AND AWARDS

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Navy Cross	1918	Haiti
Distinguished Service Medal-Navy	1922-30	Haiti
West Indies Medal (Sampson Medal)	1898	USS <i>Massachusetts</i>
Spanish Campaign Medal	1898	USS <i>Massachusetts</i>
Expeditionary Medal	1908	Panama
w/bronze star	1911	China
w/bronze star	1917	Dominican Republic
w/bronze star	1921	Haiti
WW II Victory Medal, West Indies Clasp	1917-18	Haiti
<i>Medaille Militaire</i> (Republic of Haiti)	1920	Haiti



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*The device reproduced on the back cover is the oldest military insignia in continuous use in the United States. It first appeared, as shown here, on Marine Corps buttons adopted in 1804. With the stars changed to five points, this device has continued on Marine Corps buttons to the present day.*

